

Woodward to Offer Again For Mayoralty of Atlanta If Recall Movement Wins

HARRIS MAY INCLUDE COTTON PROTECTION IN CALL TO SOUVAINS

Statement of Governor Saturday Indicates, However, That He Will Not Include Anything That Would Cause Deadlock.

CALL TO BE CONFINED TO EMERGENCY MEASURES

Commissioner Price Tells Governor Farmers of the State Are Rejoiced Over Action of the Atlanta Bankers.

Although Governor Harris has not announced definitely, his remarks to press representatives on Saturday are construed to mean that he is inclined to include legislation for the protection of the cotton crop for consideration in the extraordinary session of the general assembly and to exclude prohibition.

Governor Harris stated that it is probable that he will set the date for the extra session some time in the early part of November. His call for the extra session will be issued about ten days before the date fixed for the session, the courts having held that ten days is sufficient notice and governor sharing the view of the courts.

The question of whether prohibition will be included in the call is still open.

The consideration of the extra session, he intimated, will be confined purely to emergency measures. He admitted that besides the appropriations bill, a cotton warehouse bill might be considered emergent.

"I am going to call for the extraordinary session only emergency legislation," said Governor Harris. Asked if he thought prohibition emergency matter, the governor replied:

"I may make such deductions from or speculations on what I have said as you like; I will merely say that emergency measures are included in the call, and it will be my purpose to put just as little in that call as I possibly can. I don't want to include enough to make an opening for a long-drawn-out session. I think the session ought to be concluded as quickly as possible. The longer the extra session goes on, the expense will be and, at a time like this, the people don't want to see money derived from taxation expended for anything that is not absolutely necessary. Under present conditions we have got to run along pretty close to shore."

Governor Harris clearly indicated that the cotton situation in its prospect for this fall and winter is drawing as much of his attention and consideration just now as any other matter. He proposed for the extra session, and more than most of the things he is being urged to include in his call.

Wanted Extra Session. "About a year ago there was more of the legislature called to order to take a situation among the farming people of the state that was very serious. It was a question of whether to have a great deal of advice, and a great deal of good advice, on the subject of legislation designed to protect the agricultural interests of the state. The house bill has been introduced, and I am giving serious consideration to the facts that have been presented to me along that line. A great deal of this comes from members of the legislature and a great deal of it comes from citizens of the state at large. In much of it the cotton situation this year will be the urgent need of state aid as it was last year, if not more so."

I have had a consultation with Commissioner James D. Price on the subject, and from what he has written appears that this situation becomes an emergency, viewed in the light of the welfare of the state. I shall include consideration of the cotton crop in the call for the extra session."

"Georgia is in good shape now. The cotton crop this year is going to be almost a surplus in the market, so much cheaper than is ordinarily the case, but if the farmer didn't have anything for his cotton, it would be a matter of great importance to the welfare of the state, in which legislative attention should be given to the welfare of the state which would be needed."

Governor Harris' favorable attitude toward the consideration of cotton warehouse bill by the extra session was substantiated by an interview between him and Commissioner of Agriculture James D. Price Saturday morning.

Mr. Price has just returned from a trip about the state and told the governor a great deal of the views of the farmers regarding the protection of the cotton crop by state legislation.

Attended Many Meetings. Commissioner Price attended a meeting of bankers and farmers at Marietta at which Tattini, Evans, Toombs, and others were present.

Half a dozen paid workers and many

"I Don't Believe They Can Get Required Number of Voters' Signatures, But if They Do I'll Run," He Says.

WORKERS FOR RECALL ARE TERMED "FANATICS" BY MAYOR WOODWARD

Leaders in Movement Say Goal Is Almost Reached and They Expect to Have Election Called for Thursday, September 30.

With the goal almost reached, according to the leaders, the recall campaign workers have mapped out a full program for the ensuing week and announce that they expect to wind up the campaign within the next ten days.

"We have them on the run and the threats of the close allies of the mayor or the names will be published and other statements made to prevent certain voters from signing the recall petitions have only served to strengthen our cause," declared Walter McElreath, one of the attorneys for former Chief of Police Beavers, whose denunciation by the police commission started the campaign to recall the seven men who voted against him.

"These men are going around trying to get bets that we will not get 2,000 bona fide voters' names on the petitions are not helping those who are directing them," said Mr. McElreath. "We ought to call them by their names. Of course, they would not stand by it, but if they did they would surely lose their money."

WOODWARD TO RUN. Along with the announcement that the recall campaign had about accomplished the purpose for which it was started—securing twenty-five per cent of the registered voters on a petition for a recall election, aimed against the seven police commissioners who voted to demote Police Chief Beavers—came the announcement from Mayor James G. Woodward that he would again be a candidate for re-election if recalled in the special election.

"I am going to believe they can get the required number of voters to get the election called, but in the event they fail, I will offer for the election," said the mayor.

The mayor provides for the recall also provides that the officials recalled have the right to offer for re-election. It is provided that if the recall movement will lose in the special election, the seven police commissioners who voted to demote Police Chief Beavers—came the announcement from Mayor James G. Woodward that he would again be a candidate for re-election if recalled in the special election.

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SEEK STATEMENT TO GERMAN AMBASSADOR TO REVEAL SUBMARINES

German Ambassador Has Impressed Washington With Belief That His Government Will Satisfy the United States.

HOPE FOR PEACE SPRINGS FROM RELAXING TENSION

Possibilities of American Mediation Seem Behind Adjustment of German-American Dispute—Liberal Element in Ascendant in Germany.

Washington, August 28.—Count Bernstorff, the German ambassador, will leave Washington tomorrow for New York, to await instructions from his government which he believes will bring a speedy and satisfactory conclusion to the entire controversy over submarine warfare.

Unless the situation in Berlin wholly changes before the dispatches are received, the ambassador expects authorization to reopen informal discussions with Secretary Lansing to the end that a note may be framed by Germany entirely satisfactory to the United States.

German Report Awaited. So far as the department is concerned, formal presentation of the Arabic case to Germany waits receipt from Ambassador Gerard of the German admiral's report on the destruction of the ship. Dispatches from Berlin tonight said the report might be made any day or might be delayed a fortnight to await arrival in port of the last of the German submarines operating south of Ireland. Until the admiral's statement is received, however, and the Arabic case disposed of, it is unlikely that a discussion of the broader question of submarine warfare will be reopened.

In German circles here it is firmly believed Berlin is anxious to bring the submarine controversy to a quick and friendly termination. Count Bernstorff's visit to Washington, acting on instructions from Berlin, is said to be a friendly mission to the ambassador in an interview soon after the Lusitania was destroyed.

The German foreign office is believed to be ready to encourage an informal exchange of views between Count Bernstorff and Secretary Lansing, so the drafting of a full reply to the last American note on the Lusitania, it is believed, will be hastened.

It was stated positively today that what the German admiral report may be in the Arabic case, the Berlin government will give assurances that its submarines will not be used to attack passenger ships. The German foreign office is believed to be ready to encourage an informal exchange of views between Count Bernstorff and Secretary Lansing, so the drafting of a full reply to the last American note on the Lusitania, it is believed, will be hastened.

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THE NEXT CASE!

NOW - WHAT HAVE YOU GOT TO SAY FOR YOURSELF?



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ARMIES OF RUSSIA STILL REARING BEFORE RUSSOANS

Austro-Germans, However, Are Still Far From the Capture or Destruction of the Forces of the Czar.

RUSSIANS ARE RETIRING TO PREPARED POSITIONS

It Is Said the New Line Has Been Strongly Fortified. There Is No Evidence of a German Offensive in West.

London, August 28.—The German allies have not yet exhausted their efforts to crush completely the Russian army. In the Baltic provinces, Von Hindenburg again has become aggressive, and is attempting to drive the Russians back to Irkutsk. In the south the Austro-Hungarians, in southeastern Galicia, have broken through the Russian positions on the Zlota Lipa, Berlin and Vienna claim, and are advancing north and south of Warsaw.

RUSS RETREAT. VERY ORDERLY. Along the rest of the front also the Germans claim to be gaining some ground, but apparently they are as far as ever from their main endeavor—the capture or destruction of the Russian army. The latter, although pressed at many points, is retreating in an orderly retreat, leaving little or nothing useful to the invaders.

Whether the Russians can maintain stand in the new positions they are said to have prepared, the next few days should tell. There are reports that the Russian army is being sent from the east to the western and Serbian fronts, but military writers are skeptical. As long as the Russian army remains intact, it will be dangerous for the enemies to detach troops for operations elsewhere. Now that the big guns might be transferred, GERMANS QUIET IN THE WEST.

There is no evidence of a German offensive in the west, while the Serbians are said to have offered that the Austro-German force gathered at Orsova for a rumored effort to advance into Serbia and Bulgaria, is not of the strength reported.

The western front the activity of the airman continues. Six German aviators attempted an attack on Paris, but were driven off with the loss of one machine. The British used bombs on Ostend, Middelkerke and Bruges. On the dunes at Middelkerke the Germans have some of their most formidable batteries for use against the coast. The British are working the objective of the airman would be the canal and docks used extensively by the Germans for transportation purposes.

LITTLE CHANGE IN DARDANELLES. Little change in the situation in the Dardanelles is indicated by recent advice, both official and unofficial. The losses of the entente allies in the attack made at Anafarta while the Russian army is fighting place are being reported by a correspondent at Turkish headquarters to have been extremely heavy. The British and French have lost about 5,000.

The Balkan situation still holds a deal of interest. The Greek and Bulgarian armies are said to be settled to the advantage of the entente allies. Serbia's reply to the ultimatum of the Central Powers is being awaited. The Greek and Bulgarian armies are said to be settled to the advantage of the entente allies. Serbia's reply to the ultimatum of the Central Powers is being awaited.

RUSSIANS HOLD IN RIGA REGION. Petrograd, August 28.—[Via London, August 29, 1915.] The Russian communication, issued tonight, says that the Russian army in the Riga region has no change. In the direction of Friedland.

Weather Prophecy PARTLY CLOUDY. Washington forecast: Partly cloudy, with showers Sunday and Monday; probably showers Sunday and Monday.

Local Weather Report. Lowest temperature... 48. Highest temperature... 62. Normal temperature... 55. Actual temperature... 55. Rain since last month, inches... 1.2. Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches... 1.2.

Exports of the United States During the Month Valued at \$267,978,990.

Washington, August 28.—Exports of the products of American farms and factories July—valued at \$147,878,990—were the greatest ever recorded in that month, the commerce department announced today. The nearest approach was in July, 1914, when the total was \$140,966,774.

The favorable trade balance for the month was \$124,879,370, compared with a balance of \$13,929,093 in July, 1914. One year ago in July, when war clouds were gathering in Europe, there were less than imports by more than \$1,000,000.

Exports for the first seven months of the year, valued at \$1,565,751,995, gave a favorable trade balance only a balance of \$1,448,559,372. The change in the flow of goods from east to west since the war began was emphasized by the fact that the value of gold exports in July of \$1,391,775 compared with \$2,291,718 in July last year, and imports last month of \$1,528,338, compared with \$3,291,718 in July last year.

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Daughters of the
American Revolution

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SAVANNAH-DARIEN ROAD
HAS THRILLING HISTORY

Interesting Romance Connected With Primitive Military Highway of Georgia.

The romance of our roads is a subject of newly awakened interest among history-loving and patriotic Georgians. Nowadays when the easy, comfortable, mobile swiftly glides through the country it is no longer a matter of course that an uninteresting journey and an unattractive road, but the imagination goes back to the days of the early pioneers, their early romance, every bit of information, therefore, revealing the history of our old roads is treasured and treasured for its helplessness in aiding the traveler to see the country, the eye and the understanding heart. We, therefore, take pleasure in publishing the following interesting article on "The Old Savannah-Darien Road," a part of which forms a link in the great Dixie highway now being built.

Savannah-Darien Road.

The request recently made of the library commissioners, that they improve that part of the Savannah-Darien road which passed through their county, recalls the thrilling history of this primitive military highway of Georgia. Records of hardships endured by the early pathfinders, for the broadening of the trails were upon with suspicion by the Indians.

General Oglethorpe ordered the broadening of this old Indian trail leading out from Savannah to Darien on the Atlantic, for the convenience of the various settlements on the Savannah, Vernon and Great Ogeechee rivers. Captain Hugh Mackay projected the road, with his company of rangers and Indian guides furnished by Tomochichi, General Oglethorpe's army as well as Tomochichi and his retinue of friendly Indians that was on their march from Savannah to the picturesque military town of Frederica.

The road was first built from Savannah to New Inverness in the Darien settlement in 1734, passing through the counties of Liberty, Bryan and Glynn in its onward course to Darien in Georgia and later was extended to Camden county. It led through the swampy land of Georgia and was a most difficult and well suited for the cultivation of rice, cotton, corn, indigo and other crops of various sorts. These productive lands of southern Georgia attracted the attention of the colonies and planters of South Carolina. They began to move in with their slaves and other plantations along the line of this road. Villages, with churches, schools and libraries were built in the proximity with the highway that led down through the wilderness of nowhere.

On this old road the military movement was made and an important place for it was here that some of the best fighting in the state once lived. The old military highway dated years ago and the beautiful town has become the "City of the Dead." The history of all the roads like this is so inseparably interwoven with that of the country that it is difficult to mention one without saying something about the other.

It is beneath the shade of the moss-draped trees and the old plantations, where who not only broadened the old trail into wagon roads, but planned the way and conquered the wilderness.

Colonel Baker, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, along with James Oakes, Kenneth Baiting and John Moxley, were the first plantations on this road, a few miles from Midway between the direction of Savannah. John Elliott, Grey Elton, John Stivers, John Moxley, William and Benjamin Baker, John Stivers, Edward Stivers, John Stivers, in right of the road on St. Catherine Island lived another signer of the Declaration of Independence, Button Guinness. He was constantly seen passing that way, and his private affairs were transacted at Midway.

In November, 1778, two British expeditions were sent to Georgia to assist in the invasion of Georgia; one by sea and the other by land. A party of 100 British regulars under Lieutenant-Colonel Mark Prevost, was dispatched by land. After a short march, Prevost was joined by the notorious Daniel McIntosh, a Georgian and refugee. They marched down the Savannah-Darien road and every man who found along the way was taken prisoner. Some of them came to be robbed of every article of value that could be conveniently be carried away. Colonel John Baker collected all the mounted militia that he could and took position at the point where the Savannah-Darien road crosses Bull Tavern swamp, to dispute the advance of the invaders. It was a short but sharp battle, in which Colonel Baker, Captain Cooper and William Cooper were killed.

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Program Annual Convention

Of Women's Clubs in Savannah

Following is the program of the nineteenth annual convention of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs, October 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 1915, at the Hotel Hamilton, Savannah, Ga.

MRS. NELLE PETERS BLACK, chairman program committee; Mrs. W. L. Wilson, Savannah; Miss Rosa Woodberry, Atlanta.

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MRS. FITZPATRICK, STATE PRESIDENT, HIGHLY HONORED

Our federation president, Mrs. Fitzpatrick, has been informed of her election as an honorary vice president of the International Longfellow society, Georgia is glad to be so ably represented in the work of the preservation of the state's history and the club women are ready to do their service in the preservation of the state's history.

The society has actively associated with the work of the Longfellow society and the club women are ready to do their service in the preservation of the state's history.

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Visiting Birmingham Relatives



MISSSES ELOISE LEWIS AND BELLE BURDINE, Popular Atlanta school girls.

SOCIAL LIFE IN MACON

Macon, Ga., August 28.—(Special Correspondence.)—Two charming Atlanta girls were the inspiration for several delightful affairs during the past week. Miss Martha Nicholson, with Mrs. William E. Martin and Miss Gwendolyn Griffith, with Mrs. Nisbet Tinsley, Tuesday afternoon they were guests of honor at a boating and swimming party at the Recreation club, motorizing afterwards to the suburban place of Mr. and Mrs. Roland Ellis, where Mr. Roland Ellis, Jr. complimented them with an elaborate supper party. Those present were Miss Martha Nicholson, Miss Gwendolyn Griffith, Miss Katherine Bowdye, Messrs. George Leonard, Kenneth Dunwoody and Roland Ellis, Jr. Wednesday morning Miss Lily Griffith gave a most enjoyable bridge party for the same two popular visitors. Her guests being Misses Nicholson and Griffith, Misses Annie Cubbage, Katharine Bowdye, Helen Powers, Annie Goodwin, Arvoge, Elizabeth Pettit, Edith Humphries, Sarah Pellet and Nell Elberts. Wednesday afternoon Miss Elizabeth Burke entertained informally at auction for Miss Griffith and Nicholson. The guests were seated on the spacious porch of this lovely country home beautiful with quantities of roses and crapejas.

Mrs. Nelson Mallory was hostess at an informal sewing party Wednesday morning, complimentary to her visitor, Miss Louise Atkinson of Newmarket. The other guests were Miss Anne Rogers, who leaves soon to make her home in New York; Mrs. Robert H. Plant, Jr., Mrs. Gray Coleman, E. J. Williams, Jr., Misses Winnie Mae Hill, and Leila Rogers.

Miss Sarah Taylor entertained at a beautiful afternoon tea Thursday at her home in Vineville, the guests of honor being Miss Mary Ponder of Forsyth, who pleasantly remembered on former visits to the city, besides being a popular Wednesday girl, and Miss Mary West. The latter leaves soon to resume her studies in voice in New York, where her musical talent, beauty and charm of manner have already won for her an enviable reputation. Easter lilies, ferns and Killarney roses were used in profusion for decorative purposes. Margaret Herch and Gertrude Smith, Friday afternoon Miss Mabel Marsh entertained at a similar delightful affair for the same two attractive girls. Mrs. Raiford Frazier of Savannah, who is visiting Mrs. Louis E. Pellet, was guest of honor at a party given by Mrs. Nisbet Tinsley, Saturday afternoon. The party, chiefly among the girlhood friends of Mrs. Frazier.

A pleasant affair of the week was Mrs. Marion Mabee's bridge game on Tuesday afternoon. Her guests were Mrs. Sol Hoge, Mrs. George Riley, Mrs. Taylor, assisting in entertaining were Misses Mabel Marsh, Annie Taylor and Katherine Smith and Mrs. Frank Rogers, Jr. Mrs. Charles Holt and Mrs. Will Billings presided at the punch bowl and those who assisted in serving were Misses Elizabeth McEvoy, Miss Taylor and the two honorees were assisted in receiving by Miss Ruby

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.



Notice to Charge Customers
All goods bought on Monday and Tuesday will be charged on your September account, payable October 1st.

The Close of Another Summer

Another summer is nearly gone, and the few remaining holidays bring the annual home journeyings, school openings and various things to be done for the members of families reuniting under the home roof.

This store is the most helpful place we know of in solving such problems.

Strangers are always welcome here. We try to make them feel at home and endeavor in every way to create and cherish that comforting sentiment.

All our accommodations and conveniences belong to visitors—they were inaugurated with that sole end in view.

Visitors are always welcome here, whether they come to buy or not.

Davison Paxon Stokes & Co.

Troops of Pretty New Blouses Await Your Call

We don't ever remember having such attractive styles. Perhaps it is due partly to the fascination one always feels for the entirely new in clothes.

There are Georgette Crepes and Crepes de Chine—both dark and light colors—some embroidered or tucked, or hemstitched, or smocked; others are combined with satin or velvet.

Prices begin at \$5 and soar gradually to almost any price one wishes to pay. —Fourth Floor.

EVERY DAY, now, something new—something with the charm and tinge of Autumn—a new fashion season is coming on rapidly.



WEST POINT, GA.

Mr. and Mrs. Reed Roberts entertained the following guests at a lovely breakfast on Tuesday morning: Misses Annie Laurie and Mary Kate Varner, Miss N. Logan, Mrs. J. T. Roberts and Mrs. R. W. Scott, Messrs. Geier Strain and William Owens, Calhoun, Ga., and Evans Pattillo, of West Point.

On Wednesday in the home near the home of Mr. C. McKenney quite a number of friends enjoyed a delightful neighborhood picnic.

The young men of West Point will give on Saturday night a complimentary dance at the Charles hotel to the young ladies of the town.

Forty young people were entertained at a delightful dance on Friday evening by Miss Mary Eunice Hoxley at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Huff.

Miss Elberta Ford entertained in honor of Miss Ethel Jones at a picture show party on Tuesday afternoon.

In the beautiful grove near the Amara Williams home quite a number of young people were entertained at a delightful picnic on Wednesday afternoon by Mr. and Mrs. Grady Webb.

Little Miss Martha Hart entertained Misses Nancy Bonker, Ada Ferrel Vinton and Julia Porter at a neighborhood night party on Monday in honor of Miss Julia Huff.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. William Huff entertained a number of friends at a lovely party in honor of Mrs. Edgar Henderson, of Cadwell, and Mrs. F. K. Boland, of Atlanta, who are here on Tuesday.

Mrs. Ellen Fuller entertained on Saturday at a spend-the-day party. Miss Sadie Jones entertained in honor of Miss Martha Hart at a neighborhood party on Monday in honor of Miss Julia Huff.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Barrow entertained a number of friends at a barbecue on Tuesday.

A Stirring Month-End Clearance In the Women's Apparel Section The Best of the Season

All summer garments to go whirling out at little prices. The best usually comes last! So this sale for Monday—the last of the season, is the best of the summer in actual value giving.

We have gone over the entire remaining stocks blue-penciling their tags for the last time, and are marking them at prices which, indeed, seem absurd and which will take them out in a hurry.

There are two months, or nearly so, still in which to wear such garments, and they will be welcomed at such small cost.

For instance:

Pretty Linen and Crepe Dresses at \$2.75

Here are stylish, high-class Dresses made of pretty linens and fine crepes in a number of most pleasing and becoming ways. There are various colors, too, to select from, and they are dresses which were, a little earlier in the season, priced at \$10 to \$15. Choose from them now at \$2.75.

Silk Street Dresses \$1.98

A dress for street, just ready to put on now, and wear right on into the fall.

Only a small collection of these good Dresses for which you are asked to pay a mere trifle—the colors are grays and blues and black.

Only \$1.98

Women's Crepe and Lawn Kimonos at 49c

Long Kimonos—Empire Style

There will be a rush for these, for this price is just about one-third what they are worth. There are various pleasing color tones and designs to choose from.

They will not tarry long, you may be sure, at this price—49c.

Other Summer Dresses at 98c

Cool Dresses for street and afternoon wear. All of good value and formerly priced up to \$7.50. They need pressing and freshening up a bit. Wonderfully desirable at this absurdly low price—98c—they will be eagerly chosen Monday.

—Fourth Floor.

TREMENDOUS BUYING POWER OF \$5.00

250 New \$10 Fall Hats \$5.00 To Be Sold MONDAY

We want you to remember tomorrow is mighty important; for tomorrow we offer 250 New Fall Hats, which are copies of hats shown and sold ordinarily at \$10.00 and higher. They are probably the most remarkable ever offered Atlanta Women at \$5.00.

Come early that you may have the advantage of the widest selection.

100 New \$15 Trimmed Hats

Charming new styles for September, representing all that is best in style, quality and workmanship.

\$7.50

50 New \$20 Trimmed Hats

All the new French models shown in New York are immediately copied by us in fine materials and with the same chic lines, but at very moderate prices.

\$10.00

WE HAVE MADE IT POSSIBLE FOR THE WOMAN WHO FOLLOWS FASHION'S DICTATES TO PURCHASE A NEW HAT OF STYLE EVERY FOUR WEEKS AND STILL KEEP HER MILLINERY EXPENDITURE WITHIN REASON.

Good Economies In Every Corner of the Downstairs Section Monday

New Wool Skirts at \$3.50 and \$5

Stylish, pretty Skirts of Wool Crepe, in navy and black, at \$3.50.

Smart, new Skirts of fine Wool Poplin, decidedly pleasing model; blue and black, at \$5.00.

New Percal House Dresses at .59c

These are wonderful Dresses at so small a price—you will agree when you see them. Every one new—just received in stock. They are attractively made of percale in blue or brown stripes or checks.

They are priced for special selling at 59c.

Another Quick Sale of Laces

At 19c Dozen Yds.

Valenciennes and Torchon Laces—edges and insertions of various widths and patterns—such Laces as usually sell at 50c and 60c dozen—are priced for this sale Monday at 19c dozen yards.

—Downstairs Section

Linen Crash Towels at .5c Each

All-Linen Crash Cup Towels, natural color, with blue borders—priced at 5c each Monday.

—Downstairs Section.

Table Damask Special

72-inch snow-white mercerized table Damask, in six choice patterns, priced at 50c yard.

—Second Floor.

New Cottons At Very Special Prices Monday

White and Colored.

Heavy, beautiful Crepes and Ratine Suitings for early fall street dresses and suits—they are imported fabrics—and owing to a special purchase we are enabled to price them at away below regular. Such goods sold originally at 75c to \$1.25—they are priced Now for Special Selling at 25c Yard.

Economy Silk—a mercerized cotton and silk fabric for dresses, drop skirts, etc., in all popular colors, cream, white and black—36 inches wide, 35c yard.

White Rope Crepe A beautiful fabric for blouses or dresses—formerly priced at 75c and \$1.00—now 25c yard.

White Terry Suitings and Cotton Polo Cloth Beautiful fabrics for Suits or Sports Coats—42 inches wide—they are worth \$2.00 yard—by reason of a special purchase we are enabled to offer them now at 60c and 65c yard.

—Second Floor.

New Fall Suits and Coats

When you choose your fall Suit or Coat, you want to select it from garments that bear the stamp of style correctness. You want to choose from assortments that afford a wide range of models and materials—garments among which you are sure to find one that is most becoming to you.

Wooltex Suits and Coats with Paris Charm—Custom Tailoring Quality.

America's greatest organization of fashion designers assures the style correctness of these garments: The Wooltex Bureau of Fashions in Paris, with Madame Savarie as its director, has been maintained, despite the great war.

There are Thirty Points of Superiority in Wooltex Tailored Garments.

Wooltex Suits were never prettier than this season.

In coats there are two distinct types—semi-fitted and loose. Many have smart flare below waist. Jackets are hip length or longer. Skirts have rolling pleats or flat pleats on the sides to give fullness.

There is real economy in buying Wooltex garments. Women, who have worn them know this to be true.

We want to show you the new suits and coats this week.

Suits priced \$25.00 to \$39.50

Coats priced \$19.50 to \$39.50

—Fourth Floor.



About Wedding Invitations

These absolutely necessary articles for the wedding occasion are subject to criticism more than any other feature.

Even the wedding dress is not scrutinized so closely as the invitation, for the latter goes into the hands of strangers as well as of every invited guest and is apt to be considered the forerunner of the style which characterizes the wedding.

These days, most people are well informed concerning the requisites for stylish invitations.

The material of which the envelopes and sheets are made should be of approved shade of white; the shapes should be those that fashion has most recently decreed and the engraving should be done by artists whose reputation insures the highest degree of skill. All these requirements are met in the extensive plant and thirty years experience of the J. P. Stevens Engraving Co. This house has established a high standard of product known all over the United States; the imprint of its name upon an envelope is a guarantee that the invitation is of correct form, latest style and finest quality.

If you are particularly interested send to this house for samples and prices which will be sent free of charge in a sealed package. Address J. P. Stevens Engraving Co., 47 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

Who IS the First Lady of the Land?



Margaret Wilson Is Away Chautauquaing Most of the Time, So Her Cousin, Helen Bones, and Miss Bones' Lovely Friend, a Charming Widow, Have to Do Much of the White House Entertaining.

EVERYONE who is at all familiar with the situation says that Margaret Wilson is entirely to blame. She should not have deserted the President and his household as she did just at the time when the White House had begun to entertain a little after its period of mourning.

If Margaret had stayed at home and stuck to her position as social head of the first family in the land instead of flying hither and thither to fill her Chautauqua engagements, to help along Montessori schools and to accomplish the hundred and one other estimable uplift things in which she is engaged, Helen Woodrow Bones, the President's niece, and her friend, Mrs. Norman Galt, the lovely southern widow, would never have usurped Margaret's place as the social head of the Wilson family.

This is exactly the situation. Helen Bones and Mrs. Norman Galt are the life of the social gatherings that have the President as their nucleus. If it were not for them the President would die of ennui. They give him the only relief not only from the routine affairs of state, but from the great problems of international relations that have raised their threatening heads before him with a discouraging persistency. His appreciation of them knows no bounds. He makes no efforts to hide his pleasure when their cheerful, lovely faces are near him and when they are planning little gatherings for his recreation and entertainment.

All this in the early part of the winter Margaret Wilson accomplished very nicely. She was a great comfort to her worried father and he was greatly appreciative of her attentions. But Margaret is more of an intellectual than a social type. She is keenly interested in a thousand things that have to do with education. Her heart was with her father, but by no means was it in her position as a society woman.

More and more frequent became her absences on lecture tours, on recital engagements, on visits of social investigation. And then finally she gave up entirely her position as first lady in the land to carve out for herself a professional career. It took the last ounce of courage she possessed to part with her father. But he was willing and gave his blessings.

Then came Helen Bones and Mrs. Norman Galt. Helen Bones, of course, came first. She is beautiful to look on in every way. She is well educated and has a fair amount of money to do with. But above all she is a charming woman of society.

She took the President under her social wing immediately. And immediately there was a difference in the social atmosphere in the White House. Also in the smile on the President's face. For while Margaret Wilson was successful as a hostess she is of that rather cold intellectual type which always operates against its possessor ever reaching the distinction in entertaining as expressed in the words "charming hostess."

Miss Bones' taste in matters social as well as domestic has made a deep impression on not only the President, but on the whole of social Washington. She has all that tact, amiability and grace that mark the successful hostess. And besides, she had her friend, Mrs. Norman Galt—the lovely,



President Wilson and Mrs. Norman Galt at opening of baseball season last April

Photo © HARRIS and EWING

smiling, witty Mrs. Norman Galt to help her whenever it was necessary.

An unusually interesting occurrence took place just a few days ago at the summer capital when Margaret Wilson, former head of the White House, met at a social gathering.

Margaret herself assumed the social reins at the White House for the afternoon when she invited the artist colony at Cornish, New Hampshire, to her father's home. The party was augmented by Miss Helen Bones and the President's house guest, Mrs. Norman Galt. Just how Margaret enjoyed sharing honors with Miss Bones and the pretty and attractive widow is only to be conjectured.

Margaret's tea was the first informal affair that the Wilsons have given since Mrs. Wilson's death a year ago, and but for the distinguished summer colony at Cornish would probably never have happened. So many of the renowned artists and authors are assembled there, however, that Margaret thought it well to open Harlakenden House and break the monotony for everyone.

Jessie Sayers also was present. Eleanor McAdoo, however, was too busily engaged in maternal duties to participate in the family party. Dr. D. Cary Grayson, the Wilson family physician, has been dividing his attention, by the way, between the President, who is far from well, and the young McAdoo baby, who has not been as strong in his early life as his parents would wish.

It is with less surprise than interest that Washington and the society that has followed the President down to Cornish sees how completely at home Mrs. Norman Galt seems to be as the guest of Helen Bones at the summer White House.

The charming little woman with her sprightliness and gentleness has made friends with the entire White House menage since Margaret Wilson saw fit to abandon her filial and social duties to Helen Bones.

It was Dr. Cary Grayson himself who thought of intro-



Dr. Cary T. Grayson

Photo © HARRIS and EWING

ducing Mrs. Galt at the White House. He has an eye for pretty women and has not yet come to regret that he stood sponsor for Miss Bones' friend.

From the very first Mrs. Galt was a success as a guest. During the late winter and spring she rolled around luxuriously in limousines bearing the White House crest. The President has taken a keen delight in having his niece's friend as a frequent, in fact, almost a daily guest, at dinner at the White House in the last few months.

"We are all so southern and congenial," says Mrs. Galt concerning her relations with the President and his household. "We have the same musical and literary tastes and our informality is delightful."

Helen Woodrow Bones

Photo © HARRIS and EWING

As it seems very probable that Mrs. Galt is to take a more and more active part because of her prettiness, vivacity and sympathetic qualities in social affairs at the White House, it is interesting to know that she is a Virginian about forty years old, who comes from a good family and who occupies a high placed social position.

She was a Miss Bolling when twenty years ago she married Norman Galt, one of the four sons of William Galt, of Washington, a very rich jeweler. Three of the sons died following the death of their father and Norman succeeded to the control of the business. He conducted it himself up to the time of his death four years ago.

The widow then bought out the interests of the other heirs and is now sole owner. Her brother conducts the business. The Galts, although in trade, have always had a prominent place in the best society in Washington. Norman Galt was for many years vestryman in St. Thomas' church and the widow is prominent in parish affairs.

The death of her husband was a deep grief to Mrs. Galt. She has never discarded her weeds, partly, perhaps, because they have been very becoming to her.

SCIENCE AND NEAR-SCIENCE UP-TO-DATE

Will Aeroplane Kill the Deadly Tuberculosis Germ?

Fifteen Minutes at High Altitude New Cure for Ills

AEROPLANES, long looked upon by military experts as the greatest destroyer of lives known to man, now promise to become the greatest aid to health and longevity.

Dispatches from Berlin assert that aviation is looked upon as an almost certain medium for the cure of the most dreaded of human ills—tuberculosis. Moreover, it is expected that many other diseases of germ origin that hitherto have defied the efforts of medical science will now be placed upon the list of curable ailments.

The new hope of medicine, briefly, lies in the knowledge that direct rays of the sun will kill any germ. The aeroplane, as now used in experiments in Germany, carries the patient up above the clouds to an altitude where the air is free from moisture and dust and the rays of the sun are direct.

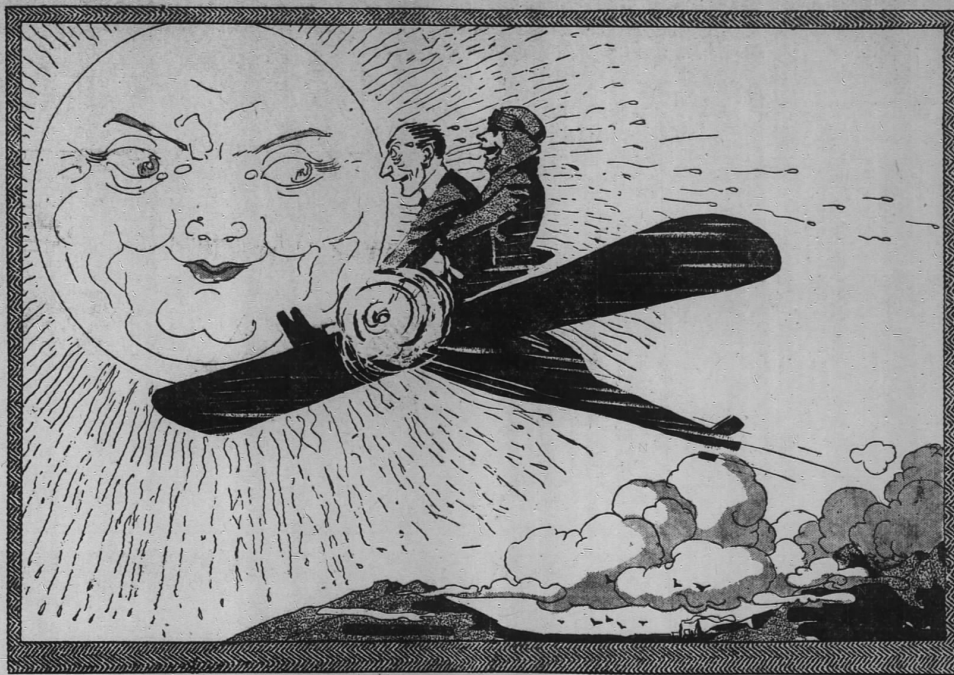
Although details of the experiments now in progress are meager because of the surplus of war news that crowds the cables, it is expected that Dr. Hugo Brunstet of Berlin is making numerous experiments in connection with aviation as a cure for disease, especially tuberculosis.

In a statement attributed to the Berlin physician it is asserted that but fifteen minutes' exposure to the rays of the sun at a certain altitude is necessary to kill every germ in the body of a man.

Rays of the sun long have been used as an aid to the cure of all germ diseases. All of the big tuberculosis hospitals throughout the country now are using the sun as their chief medicine. But the slanting rays, together with the moisture and dust in the air, combine to prevent the light from reaching its greatest efficiency.

It was during military experiments in Berlin that the idea of using the aeroplane to conserve rather than destroy human life first was conceived. Dr. Brunstet began experiments at once and it is declared that they have opened up the most promising field for work among the tubercular known to medical science.

American medical men were reticent in



Riding in Air 100 Per Cent Pure, the Tuberculosis Patient Is Allowed to Bask in the Direct Rays of the Sun.

discussing the subject because of the general lack of information. Dr. Theodore B. Sachs of the Municipal Tuberculosis Institute of Chicago, and recognized as an expert on the subject, said that the chief advantage of the new method lay in the fact

that the patient would be carried up to a point where the rays of the sun were more direct than those that ordinarily were played upon the germ-ridden parts.

"The greatest obstacle to a general use of this plan, to my notion, lies in the fact

that aviation hasn't reached a sufficiently advanced stage to make it safe to carry the sick into the air," said Dr. Sachs. "Until aerial navigation is safer a physician would hardly feel justified in sending a sick man up into the clouds to face dan-

gers as great, if not greater, than those attending his physical ailment.

"There is no doubt, however, that the rays of the sun have great curative power in the treatment of tuberculosis, and they now are being used in the great hospitals for the treatment of the tubercular in Colorado and the West.

Foreign Science Novelties

SUBJECT to government inspection, 18,000 New Zealand farmers keep bees.

IN SOME portions of Germany alcohol is being made from chicory root, which grows there very freely.

AT THE present rate of consumption, Great Britain's mines are estimated to hold enough coal to last about 175 years.

IN AN English borking machine the handle, driven at an angle through two boards at once, are turned back to form a hook in the second board.

THE engine of a motor driven street sprinkler in England also is used to operate one pump to fill its tank and another to help scatter the water.

A MUSEUM of the horse, presenting a complete history of that animal from the earliest known period to the present, has been established in Paris.

WHAT is claimed to be the highest garage in Europe has been built in the Alps at a point 6,500 feet above sea level.

THOUGH 2,000 miles from a railroad, Yakutsk, in the extreme north of Asia, maintains an electric light plant the year around.

THERE is more food value in one acre of beets than in four of wheat is the contention of German agricultural scientists.

FRENCH scientists have demonstrated that the vapors of iodine and bromine pass through this glass, even at ordinary temperatures.

A PROCESS which permits illuminating Agass producers to manufacture ammonia by synthesis has been perfected by a German scientist.

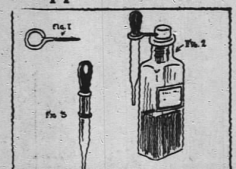
SUCCESS has attended experiments in England with spinning a textile fiber from a form of sea weed that grows plentifully in Australia.

Wireless System Saves 500,000 Lives in Year—

FRESH evidence of the value of the wireless as a saver of lives has been found during the disasters and threats of disasters following in the wake of the European war.

Repeatedly the Atlantic Ocean has been combed by wireless in the sending of warn-

A High and Dry Dropper Scheme



THE bottle (figure 1) is an eyebolt with pointed screw, which is screwed into the cork as shown in figure 2. The medicine dropper is then placed in position above.

In case the bottle is smaller than the dropper the height of the dropper can be regulated by attaching a rubber band around the glass tube, as shown in figure 3. With eyebolts of varying sizes the idea can be applied to many household uses, such as holding tooth brushes, button hooks, scissors, tools, etc.

Take Your Choice Of a 1,000,000

ALTHOUGH the year 1915, in the automobile business sense, has been the most wonderful in the history of the industry, next year promises to eclipse it entirely. The manufacturing plans of all the large companies have been completed, orders for parts and accessories have been placed and a fair estimate can now be made of the number of new cars to be turned out next season. In this compilation twenty companies are listed under letters of the alphabet separately, the remainder being grouped in their entirety.

The figures are based on knowledge of parts and materials ordered, and not on the "estimates" given by the companies themselves. A, \$300,000; B, \$100,000; C, \$50,000; D, \$75,000; E, \$80,000; F, \$40,000; G, \$1,000; H, \$25,000 each; I, \$1,000; J, \$1,000; K, \$1,000; L, \$1,000; M, \$1,000; N, \$1,000; O, \$1,000; P, \$1,000; Q, \$1,000; R, \$1,000; S, \$1,000; T, \$1,000; U, \$1,000; V, \$1,000; W, \$1,000; X, \$1,000; Y, \$1,000; Z, \$1,000. The total number for 1916, therefore, will be in excess of 1,000,000 new cars!

ings to threatened passenger ships. Although no figures are at hand, a wireless operator just has estimated that not fewer than 500,000 lives that would have been lost before the invention of the Marconi instrument have been saved by it since the beginning of the present war.

The most dramatic of the war incidents having to do with wireless operation followed the attack on J. P. Morgan by Erich Mueser.

A letter written by Mueser to his wife induced the suspicion that he had planned to destroy ships. One paragraph read as follows:

"A steamer leaving New York for Liverpool should sink, God willing, on 7th. It is the Philadelphia or the Saxony (Saxony), but I am not sure, as these left on the 2d or 3d."

Immediately after this revelation had

been communicated to officials in Washington a warning was flashed by wireless. The Minnehaha was only a few days out of New York harbor, bound for London, when the message was received. Captain Claret, the commander of the vessel, ordered the small boats swung out so that they could be ready for use in the event that the explosion occurred. The ship's fire hose was also prepared for an emergency and a search of the cargo was begun.

The search was still under way late in the afternoon, the explosion occurring while the members of the crew were trying to make sure that there were no bombs aboard.

The explosion shot off a hatch cover, carrying two sailors into the air with it. One of the men was slightly injured. Then the fire was discovered, the flames spreading so rapidly that it was decided to point

the prow of the Minnehaha toward Halifax. She reached that port on July 9.

The Saxonia of the Cunard Line and the Philadelphia of the American Line sent prompt answers of reassurance by Marconi wireless in response to the message of warning.

Your Wife Can Make This Hat



THE accompanying sketch shows how an ordinary suit box can be utilized to give protection against sun or rain and leave the hands free. This is particularly adaptable to campers and fishermen.

It will provide protection against sun, but its use is indicated more in preventing rain from getting on spectacles (for those who have to wear glasses), getting on the pipe or cigar, etc., while at the same time leaving the hands free to use the rod. By varnishing or shellacking the box its life will be greatly prolonged.—[Contributed by P. F. Q.]

Why It Is Called Death Valley

ONLY one man ever spent more than a day in Death Valley lived to tell the tale. That man is H. W. Mantion of Rhyolite, Cal. For more than a week he was lost in the heart of the valley, tramping over eighty miles of sand so hot that it burned through his heavy boots.

His tongue was swollen to such a size that his mouth could no longer contain it, and his eyelids were cracked open. Finally he staggered up to Cub Lee's Furnace Creek ranch more dead than alive. At first he could not drink. The touch of water was as fire to his parched lips and

tongue. Ranchmen had to force the water into his mouth through a straw.

Why cannot humans beings live in Death Valley?

According to records of the California mining bureau, men have gone into the valley with plenty of water, but died of thirst—the arid air sapping the moisture from their bodies faster than they could supply it. In summer the air is kiln-arid until it contains but 1 per cent of humidity, and well shaded thermometers soar to 135 degrees Fahrenheit.

New Scientific Facts Developed by War

Puncture Cure for Tires

ANY tire within a few minutes but that keeps the tire at that pressure regardless of punctures is a British invention. The pump can be attached to the hub of the wheel in less than a minute by any person. It works on the rotary pump principle, each revolution of the wheel, while running the car, driving air into the tire, and so effective has this device shown itself during a recent official test by the Royal Automobile Club of Great Britain that a tire, deliberately punctured in five places, was kept at full pressure as long as the car was kept running.

The device appears to have solved the roadside repair problem. No car need

stop because of a puncture if fitted with one of these pumps, as it can be run with ease and without danger to the nearest garage or repair shop.

Armored Car Like Turtle.

A NOVEL type of armored motor car has been designed by a resident of Lowell, Mass., which contains some very original ideas as to protection from rifle and gun fire. The car is shaped exactly like a turtle, the upper and lower shell being joined at a distance of about sixteen inches above the ground.

The wheels are almost entirely covered by the armor. The latter is composed of steel shells, curved to represent a turtle's back, the inventor claiming that such construction renders the persons in the car immune from rifle and machine gun fire, as the bullets are deflected into the air

Loopholes for firing, a periscope for steering, emergency doors in the rear and on both sides, a powerful motor under the driver's seat and a quick-firing gun mounted on a revolving base—these are all parts of the design.

For Bayonet Practice

ENGLISH recruits are being taught how to skillfully use the bayonet by means of a mechanical device consisting of a wooden frame, from which is suspended a wire on which several thickly woven straw balls are threaded. These balls may be dropped in rapid succession by means of a spring. As each ball falls the soldier tries to pierce it with a bayonet, working hastily so as to stab each one in turn. Besides training the fighting man to use the weapon quickly and accurately, this exercise also develops his wrist muscles.

Do You Wish Brilliant Expression?

THE diamond beauty spot, which now may sparkle from the cheek, throat or shoulder of anybody who can afford the luxury, is the latest contribution of science to the accessories of midday of fashion.

An eastern inventor has patented a method of setting and affixing to the skin a diamond or brilliant in such a manner that it will remain securely in place as long as desired, but may be removed at will.

This scintillating mark of beauty is expected to take the place of the grotesquely shaped animals of court plaster that have had a brief period of popularity. The stones usually are set in black enamel, in star or circular designs, then are fixed with a rough bit of cloth that will take up an especially prepared paste with which it is attached to the skin of the wearer. The advantage of the paste is that it is sufficiently adhesive to make the loss of a valuable jewel extremely unlikely, but may be removed with the aid of a moist cloth with little difficulty.



Bricks Now Made Without Clay

BRICKS without clay of an Illinois works open up a new industrial field. In this case the chief material is the tailings from coal mines, but it is claimed that the process is adapted for utilizing siliceous wastes of all kinds, thus providing a source of building material to localities having no clay. The coarse siliceous substance is brought into chemical combination with a binder of lower fusing point, consisting of suitable proportions of pulverized silica, alumina, potassium or sodium. The proper mixture is forced into molds under high pressure.

The new process, it is claimed, will do much toward keeping down the high cost of living. As timber becomes more scarce

its price has increased and in many localities builders have found it cheaper to buy brick, even though forced to pay for a long freight haul.

When it was first announced that bricks were to be made of coal many people laughed at the thought of using such material in fireproof construction. As a matter of fact, no part of the material used is combustible after being treated in the new process. It is said that the cost of the new material may be lower than brick even in territory near clay pits.

Dyers Depressed By Some Colors

THE word "blue," a mental depression that makes the acquaintance of us at some time or another, is supposed to have originated from the well-authorized belief that persons who work in indigo dyeing establishments are subject to melancholy.

Paracelsus, an author of the sixteenth century, asserts that blue dyes are injurious to the health and spirits. Another accredited origin of the word derives it from the German *blau*, or lead, since lead from its weight and resemblance to darkened skies has always been held to typify melancholy.

Grain Established Weight Measure

THE grain, as a measure of weight, has its name from being originally the weight of a grain of wheat. A statute passed in England in 1298 ordained that thirty-two grains of wheat, taken from the middle of the ear and well dried, should make a pennyweight, twenty of which should make an ounce, while twelve ounces were to make a pound.

The pound, therefore, consisted then of 7,200 grains.

This is some expedition where we walk right into a country and take possession without any serious opposition from the people. The bank in the city the other day announced that it had taken over the customs of the city of Port Au Prince, and, so far as I have been able to learn, there has



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Brushes . . .	25c to \$2.50
Combs . . .	25c to \$1.50
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Hair Brushes \$1.00 to \$10.00	
Shampoo . . .	10c to 75c
Bottles . . .	\$1.00 to \$7.50
Shavers . . .	25c to \$5.00
Shampoo . . .	5c to \$1.50
Shampoo . . .	10c to \$1.50
Shampoo . . .	50c
Shampoo . . .	59c to \$1.50
Shampoo . . .	25c to \$1.50
Shampoo . . .	\$1.00 to \$25.00
Shampoo . . .	25c to 75c

ets	25c to 75c
ed Traveling	75c to \$3.00
is	25c to \$1.50
Bath Room Fixture	
Reduced Price Sale	
inch Glass Towel Bar, \$1.00 value	67¢
umbler Holders, nickel-plated, 75c value, at	50¢
in. Heavy nickel, Towel Bar, worth \$2.25, at	\$1.50
owel Bar, 24-inch, large glass rods, with nickel brackets, \$4.00, at	\$2.50

GOODS
 and floor, Main store. Special
 s, Elastic Hosiery. Men and
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 room, 2-quart at **\$1.25**; if by
 rapid flow, 3 quarts, maroon,
 nge, 3-quart, **\$1.50**.
 nge, red rubber, 2-quart, guar-
S FREE
 s, Eastman Vulcan Films.
PRINTING.
 3c

	4c
5x7 each, 50c per dozen.	7c <i>do.</i>
W. PACKS.	
10 in each pack.	
3A 15%	75c
3A (3 1/2 x 5 1/2)	80c
4x5	90c
5x7	\$1.50

may
ATLANTA.

of the spiking by Outfielder Baker of Nashville in Friday's game.

RUSSELL FORD GETS RELEASE

Buffalo, N. Y., August 28.—Russell Ford, leading pitcher of the Federal league in 1914; Ed Laffitte, pitcher; Tex McDonald, outfielder, and Arthur Watson, catcher, were unconditionally

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SILVERSMITHS
31 Whitehall St.
Established 1887

St. Paul Methodist.
The pastor, Dr. J. Wiley Quillian, will fill his pulpit today, preaching in the morning on the subject: "The In-

Parks-Cha

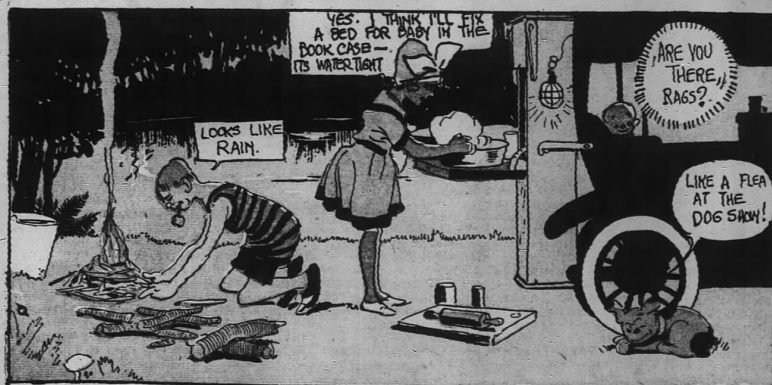
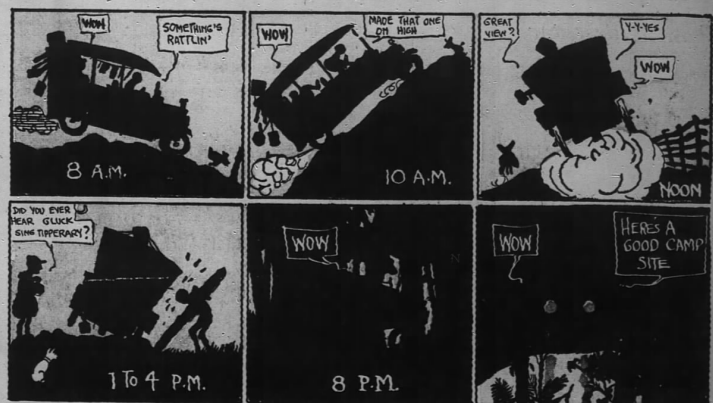
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Gainesville, Ga.

EXTRA INNING TIE IN CITY SERIES

Atlanta Nationals and Agosias Battle Until Darkness Ends Their Efforts.

Battling ten innings to a thrilling tie, the Agosias and the Atlanta Nationals staged the second game of the series at Atlanta park yesterday afternoon.

The game was exciting and thrilling throughout, replete with spectacular plays and thrilling moments.

York, the elongated hurler of the Agosias team, was in hard luck throughout and although he pitched every ball as if the game depended thereon, and allowed only four scattering blows, the best he could get was a tie.

The Agosias played like a lot of ants and were running in and out of the field, and were running in and out of the field, and were running in and out of the field.

Gollygosh, on the other hand, was extremely busy to get with the game, and if the Agosias had been playing anything but a team of ants, he would have been beaten fairly. Gollygosh was not in as good form as he usually is, and the Agosias hit him freely.

Agosias Count First.

The Agosias counted first in the third when one runner was on base, and the Nationals were out. The game then rocked along until the seventh when York of the Nationals tried to center making a three-bagger on what should have been a single due to the center fielder's desire to make a sensational one-handed catch of the ball. He scored on an out.

The Agosias took the lead in their half of the seventh when a run was scored on a triple and an infield hit. In the eighth, the bank team tied the count again, when Lester tried to deep right and counted on an infield out.

In the tenth the bank team counted one and larger robe of gloom settled over the Agosias supporters.

However, York brought joy to their hearts and dispelled the gloom by striking out the last batter, who pitched. The next man sacrificed him to center, tying the count. The game was called at the expiration of the tenth, due to darkness.

Next Game at Poncey.

The two teams will meet again at Poncey de Leon next Saturday, and another exciting battle is promised.

Over 700 people witnessed the game Saturday, and it was expected that this number will turn out next Saturday.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Atlanta National 000 000 10 10 10
Agosias 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Gollygosh and Liddell; York and Weaver. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

SMYRNA WINS.

Smyrna, Ga., August 28.—Smyrna met and defeated the Oak Grove team by the score of 9 to 8. The feature of the game was the pitching of Carroll, for Smyrna.

The Box Score.

	AB.	R.	H.	E.	PO.	SA.
OAK GROVE	9	8	10	1	10	1
Grimes, 2b	5	1	1	0	1	1
Walker, 1b	5	1	1	0	1	1
Bury, 1b	5	1	1	0	1	1
Cap, 3b	5	1	1	0	1	1
Allen, 2b	5	1	1	0	1	1
R. Cape, rf	5	1	1	0	1	1
Dunn, lf	5	1	1	0	1	1
W. Cape, p	5	1	1	0	1	1
Totals	45	8	10	1	27	11

SMYRNA.

	AB.	R.	H.	E.	PO.	SA.
Nelson, cf	5	1	1	0	1	1
Johnson, 2b	5	1	1	0	1	1
Brown, 2b	5	1	1	0	1	1
Dunn, 1b	5	1	1	0	1	1
W. Gibson, cf	5	1	1	0	1	1
Castberry, rf	5	1	1	0	1	1
S. Gibson, cf	5	1	1	0	1	1
Carroll, p	5	1	1	0	1	1
Totals	45	9	11	0	27	11

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Smyrna 000 000 000 000 000
Oak Grove 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

PEDES WIN AND LOSE.

In the first game of the Capital Avenue and American River League, the Pedes won by the score of 10 to 8. The game was a close one, with the Pedes leading 10 to 8 in the ninth inning. The game was a close one, with the Pedes leading 10 to 8 in the ninth inning.

FIRST GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

SECOND GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

THIRD GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

FOURTH GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

FIFTH GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

SIXTH GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

SEVENTH GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

EIGHTH GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

NINTH GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

TENTH GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

ELEVENTH GAME.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twelfth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Thirteenth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Fourteenth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Fifteenth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Sixteenth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Seventeenth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Eighteenth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Nineteenth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twentieth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twenty-first Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twenty-second Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twenty-third Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twenty-fourth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twenty-fifth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twenty-sixth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twenty-seventh Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.

Twenty-eighth Game.

Score by Innings: R. H. E.
Capital Ave. 000 000 000 000 000
Amer. River 000 000 000 000 000
Batteries—Carroll and Carroll; Nelson and Johnson. Umpires, Jones and Nicewarner.



New model being displayed at Hudson show rooms, 46 E. North ave., expected to be a winner this season.

The American business man is no longer a mere automobile buyer, who may be influenced this way or that by the sales talk of an automobile salesman, says W. C. Anderson, president of the Anderson Electric Car company. This same business man, who a few years ago was helpless so far as being able to wisely determine the merits of various automobile types, is today keen on the type of car to purchase for his own use.

"So it is only a logical sequence that as business men study the automobile situation, as it is related to their daily transportation requirements, that they should more and more favor the electric car of today."

The extensively designed car of several years ago, with its dainty trimmings, short mileage radius and slow speed, naturally could not have fitted the demands of the bustling impatient

MATTY'S GASTONIA CLUB WINS FLAG

Copped the Western Carolina League Pennant From Lenoir by One Game.

Harry Matthews must be some man, after! At least he has established a record for other managers to shoot at. Matty has won two pennants in one season.

He piloted his Newban club in the Georgia-Alabama league to a pennant and then after the season closed went to Gastonia, took charge of the team there, taking some of his Newban players with him, and won the pennant in the Western Carolina league.

The season came to close with the games played Saturday at Gastonia. Matty's team came ahead of the Lenoir team in second place.

Fabre Wins Marathon.

San Francisco, August 28.—Edgar Fabre of the Richmond Athletic club, Montreal, Canada, today won the Amateur Athletic union national championship in the full Marathon race of 26 miles, 385 yards. R. Honahan of the

New York Athletic club, despite a sore foot, finished second. Oliver Millard of the Olympic club, long distance runner, was third.

Following are the times:
Fabre, 2:16:41.
Honahan, 2:39:22.
Millard, 3:11:34.

SCENES ON GOLF COURSE WHICH OPENS SATURDAY

Continued from Page Three.

and a pitch to get home with rolling ground, and doubtful lies after the tee shot. The tee shot, if it is a good one, opens up the hole for the third shot. A hooked ball is out of bounds, a sliced ball in the woods. Bogey 4.

Hole Lengthened.

No. 5, 350 yards. This hole was formerly a 218 yard carry hole, with valleys between the tee and the green. From the new tee, a well hit drive will carry the ball to the green, though it must be carried, if it does not possess a little bit of a hook, in good working order. Bogey 4, par 5.

No. 6, 125 yards. A mangle pitch hole, requiring accuracy in pitching. A topped shot finds plenty of trouble. Bogey 3, par 3.

No. 7, 425 yards. Requires two full wooden shots and a pitch to get to the green. The tee shot, if it is a good one, opens up the hole for the third shot. A hooked ball is out of bounds, a sliced ball in the woods. Bogey 4.

No. 8, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 9, 410 yards. The tee is situated near the road that borders the old number 8 fairway on the left, and the drive is diagonally across the eighth fairway, requiring two full shots to get to the hole. Bogey 4, par 4.

The Second Side.

No. 10, 210 yards. A full cleek or a three-foot drive will carry the ball well out of bounds and a hooked ball leaves a difficult pitch about forty feet up to the green, with the possibility of a birdie. Bogey 4, par 3.

The tee shot on this hole must be straight to get results. Bogey 4, par 3.

No. 11, 410 yards. A drive and a brassy or a cleek. A sliced tee shot will be out of bounds. A sliced second shot with cleek or brassy must be straight to reach the green, as the ground slopes to the left after the hole is reached. The second shot will be mostly carry. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 12, 125 yards. A mid-iron shot, requiring accuracy in direction. A three-foot drive borders the green, and this must be carried from the tee. The tee shot must be played high to clear, though there is little trouble beyond. Bogey 3, par 3.

No. 13, 425 yards. This is an awkward hole, with the 200-yard flag located right at the turn, so that a straight shot is necessary to open up the hole for the second shot. A hooked tee shot will get into a ditch, rough or the woods. The second shot if it is even a boy's drive, requires a full shot for the green, with a hazard running

across in front of the green, 25 yards from the edge. There is a ditch on each side of the terrace green, which makes it imperative that the second shot be not only long, but straight, if the player hopes to make a par; but by playing the second shot and hitting over the average player will get probably the best results. Bogey 4, par 4.

Sports Drive and Pitch.

No. 14, 200 yards. A well-hit drive will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 15, 125 yards. This is a mangle pitch hole to a circular ring that is bordered by a ditch. The tee shot should be carried, if it does not possess a little bit of a hook, in good working order. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 16, 125 yards. The tee shot is 150 yards up hill, then is level until about 10 yards beyond the 200-yard flag, then slopes down hill again, only to rise sharply to the green. A sliced shot on this hole will be out of bounds. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 17, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 18, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 19, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 20, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 21, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 22, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 23, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 24, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 25, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 26, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 27, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 28, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 29, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 30, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 31, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 32, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 33, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 34, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 35, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 36, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 37, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 38, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 39, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 40, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 41, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the player to reach the green in two strokes. Bogey 4, par 4.

No. 42, 425 yards. A well hit tee shot will put the ball in the fairway. A hooked ball from the tee gets in the way of the green, which is out of bounds. A topped, hooked or sliced ball will cost a stroke in each instance. The tee shot must be straight to enable the

Conducted by L. E. Winchell.

A Three-Reel Essayay Drama

The Strange Romance of the Red-Headed Nurse

Corporal Wallace of the King's Horse Always Wanted to Marry a Girl With Golden Locks. Wasn't It Lucky That Miss Cameron's Mysterious Old Uncle Left Her a Lake in the Land of the Incas and That Bathing in These Waters Turned Her Hair a Beautiful Red?



HERE'S a romantic story, mates, about a Chicago girl, red hair and a warrior bold. Of course, they're married now and are honeymooning in far-off Norway.

But when the yarn is spun of how she transformed the color of her hair from a rich black to a titian red by dipping it into a queer lake in South America, and of how he, in a quest of the Golden Girl, found her in Europe—well, then, shiver our timbers! We'll confess it's an astounding and a mighty pretty yarn. Moreover, like all stories that are true, this one is stranger than fiction.

There are two people, however, who are willing and eager to tell how true it all is. One is Corporal David Wallace, formerly of King Edward's Horse—hero of the battle of Neuve Chapelle, who was shot in the leg there and disabled from further service, and who afterward married Miss Rosalind Cameron, formerly of Chicago.

In his early years Wallace, a young Englishman whose parents are well to do, had dreamed, as adolescent youths are wont to do, that he would marry only a girl with golden hair. So he waited and waited. The war came on. He marched to the front, was shot and sent to a hospital near Paris. There he met Miss Cameron, who had gone to Europe with the intention of becoming a trained nurse.

Adventurer Loses Heart.

The rest of the story can be told in four words—"Love, Marriage, Honeymoon, Happiness." As before stated, it's a strange yarn, so let's begin at the beginning:

Twenty-four years ago Rosalind Cameron was born in the good old village of Mayfair, Ill. When she was 3 years old the family moved into Chicago. Rosalind grew into a pretty, dark-haired, brown-eyed lass. One day when, at the age of 6, she returned from school her mother cried:

"Rosalie, a man is here who wants to see you. He's your uncle, John Aspinwall."

drowned during a vacation trip on Lake Superior and the pretty orphan girl found herself cast on the world with a small bit of insurance money.

Miss Cameron went to New York looking for opportunities. She had musical ambitions and hoped with her voice to enter grand opera. She found herself engaged on a hopeless quest. For two years she struggled along in the cold-hearted metropolises and the goal of her desire was ever as far in the future. Her small funds were soon depleted and she was forced to seek employment as a clerk in one of the big department stores.

One evening when she returned to her lodgings she found a mysterious-looking letter bearing a Brazilian stamp which had been forwarded to Chicago and various addresses before it found her. The letter was written in Spanish, and Miss Cameron had to search for an interpreter.

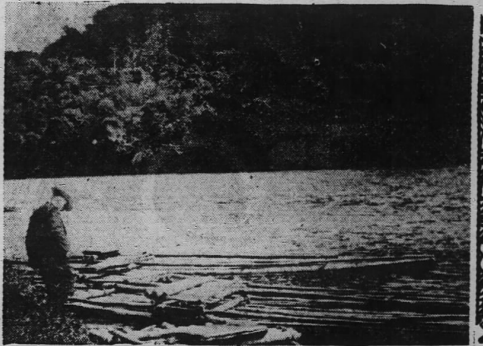
It was a communication from lawyers in Rio Janeiro, Brazil, informing her that she was sole heiress to the estate of John Aspinwall, who some months previously had died near Oliveira, Brazil. The letter

erion discovered the wonderful secret of the lake, which is among some hills near one of the mines. She had been amazed by the number of red-haired natives of a particular tribe. Although all the other natives roundabout had raven locks, the women of this particular tribe, the Ucayali, who claim direct descent from the ancient Incas, who once ruled over Peru, had brilliant red hair.

The Ucayali's Secret.

Miss Cameron also noted that the small girls of the tribe had black locks like the other natives, but that when the girls reached the age of about 16 their hair suddenly became as red as the setting sun. She inquired of the Ucayali women how they obtained their flaming locks, but was met by a mysterious silence. Coddle them and bribe them as she might, Miss Cameron could not learn the secret. One old crone finally, under the bribe of a few yards of calico, told the emerald queen that the red hair was a tribal secret that had been handed down for several generations.

The emerald queen, as the young woman



View of Famous Titian Hair Lake.



Group of Natives Oddly Decorated by Mineral Colors.

Now, put on a clean frock and come into the parlor."

Rosalie did. There she met John Aspinwall, gray haired, severe looking, who for a score of years had been leading an adventurous life in the wilds of South America.

A crusty old bachelor, the uncle became greatly attached to the vivacious child. For days he visited at the Cameron home. During the latter part of his stay he spoke of mysterious old mines he was working in the Brazilian wilds and gave Rosalie a wonderful emerald which he said had been taken from one of them.

"Some day, Rosalind," he said to her, "you shall see those mines and have all the emeralds you want."

Bravely Faces World.

It seemed an idle promise, for John Aspinwall left Chicago and the years swept by without even a word from him telling of his whereabouts. The girl grew to be a young woman. Then suddenly fate left her alone in the world. Her parents were

stated that Aspinwall had decreed that his niece must go to his estates near Oliveira and actually take possession of them. There he was buried. A pathetic little codicil in the will asked that she herself look after his grave. Thus it is with soldiers of fortune. They leave the hearts of gold and souls of steel, which melt only at a smile from a child or a pretty woman.

And thus it was Miss Cameron found herself wealthy, but she had to go to Brazil to claim that wealth. Would she go alone? Well, rather! What girl who braves a sub-way rush or an elevated jam twice a day is afraid of a savage land?

With the proper legal documents she went to Brazil and thence to the upper Amazon country, a place little visited by white women. She found many strange things in that piece of shudders, where death ever stalks and life is one of the cheapest of commodities. But the strangest discovery was a small lake on her late uncle's estate, a lake whose waters, she learned, turns the hair of human beings a rich, deep red.

It was quite by accident that Miss Cam-

is called in the upper reaches of the Amazon, was determined to learn the tribal secret. Incidentally, she was anxious to possess red hair. Late one night, when the human world was sound asleep and only the jungle beasts and reptiles were about, Miss Cameron awoke. Sleep had gone from her, and try as she might she could not compose herself. Finally she arose and dressed.

Taking down her ride, the doughty young woman decided to take a walk.

"I went up the trail that led from the house toward my uncle's grave," she said on her return from Brazil. "The grave lay on a hilltop near the lake. It was a wonderful night, the trail was illuminated as if it were early dawn, for the southern stars that seem to hang so low in those latitudes burned like great lanterns in the sky."

"At last I reached the little inclosure in which is the grave of my uncle. I stood fascinated by the scene, gazing about me for several minutes. Soon down near the far bank of the lake I saw people moving about. I thought it strange that the natives were up and about at such a weird hour and decided to investigate."

Dips Hair in Magic Lake.

"I crept down the hillside and began skirting around the end of the lake through the thick tropical foliage. At last I came to a point where I could overlook the strange scene being enacted. Native medicine men with weird masks stood about a group of young girls. Back of the group were gathered a score of the older women of the tribe. The priests or medicine men were murmuring a low chant, which was taken up by the older women. Suddenly the priests seized one of the girls and led her to the edge of the lake. Then they forced her to her knees and shoved her head into the water. Time and again her head was submerged."

"The girl, with her head dripping, was then placed to one side, after which another and another of the girls was submitted to the same ordeal. The night was well along before the ceremony was ended with a chant, after which the



Mrs. David Wallace, Who Inherited Fortune and Lake Which Turned Hair Red and Won Her Soldier Husband.

natives disappeared into the jungle. I retraced my steps to the house, wondering what it was all about.

"Try as I might, I could not sleep. I could not get the strange native ceremony out of my mind. What was it all about? I kept asking myself. Suddenly toward morning like a flash the meaning of the ceremony broke upon my startled mind. I had discovered the secret of the red hair. Through some miraculous composition of the waters of the little lake hair could be turned red."

"Columbus discovering America, the lonely miner stumbling upon an El Dorado was not more pleased than I was at my great find. I can assure you that I lost no time in making use of my discovery. The next day I visited the spot where the queer Ucayali ceremony had been enacted. Time after time I dipped my head into the waters and then sat in the sunlight with the dripping water of marvels falling from my head. I might say right here that although fond of swimming, I had never ventured into the waters of the lake. In the first place, its depth is unknown, and, second, it was a 'lake of terror,' shunned by the natives in general as a place of evil spirits, water snakes can be seen breaking

the surface of the water, snakes whose bite means death."

"An old Ucayali woman in my household employ saw the change in the color of my hair. She was frightened and asked me what I had done. I told her what I had discovered. A few days later I was visited by one of the tribal chiefs. He told me that I had discovered a tribal secret that had been preserved for many generations. He also told me that I must not disclose the secret to the other natives or strange things might happen to me. I can assure you that I was impressed by the old man's words and I have not indicated in the slightest how I obtained my red hair."

Wins Soldier Husband.

And now for the romance. With sufficient money to gratify her most extravagant whim, with no one dependent on her, the young woman decided to become an army nurse. She consulted Robert Bacon, formerly American ambassador to France, who with Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney is interested in the American Hospital in France.

Mr. Bacon arranged matters so that, after a short course of study in New York,

she went abroad and served in the American hospital at Paris, the head of which is Dr. Joseph A. Blake. Into that hospital last June Corporal Wallace was brought. Nurse Cameron attended him.

"I say," remarked the corporal during his period of convalescence. "You have wonderful hair, you know. Really, it's extraordinary how nature could bestow such beauty on a young woman with your fair complexion and brown eyes."

Thereupon Miss Cameron told him the story of the Brazilian lake.

"Then you are a real 'Lady of the Lake,'" exclaimed the corporal. "I say, but it seems unusually strange to me when I think that as a child I always thought I should fall in love only with a girl with red hair. I could not care for any other sort. Those with red hair whom I saw I like—but, you know! I sort of felt as if a white horse were around. But with you it's different—there are just you and myself. Shall it always be that way?"

Of course, she accepted him. And the corporal received a discharge from King Edward's Horse because of "disability"—who could ever fight while on a honeymoon?—and then they went to the land of the red-faced midnight sun.

(Copyright, 1915, by J. Keeley.)

FATHER OF POLICEMAN
SHOT BY HIGHWAYMAN

Holding Up Hands and Shot Followed.

up at the corner of Murphy avenue and Gillespie street at 8:30 o'clock Saturday night.

Mr. Milam stated that he was walking along the street near the intersection of Murphy avenue and Gillespie street when the three negroes stopped in front of him. He said that one of them pointed a pistol at him and told him to hold up his hands.

Mr. Milam reached for a brick in his pocket and the negro with the gun fired at him. The brick hit him in the flesh just below his left arm pit.

Chief of Police Mayo and a squad of officers went to the scene of the shooting for several minutes searched the woods near there, with no results.

500 BALES OF COTTON MARKETING IN AMERICA

Americus, Ga., August 28.—(Special.) Five hundred bales of cotton marketed in Americus today and generally sold around 9 cents put farmers in high spirits and boosted business. Merchants generally are optimistic regarding fall trade despite acknowl-

edged shortness of the cotton crop, the marketing of which is progressing rapidly. Farmers readily accept current prices. Twenty-five hundred bales marketed already have largely been sold and money applied to general indebtedness.



Veltre & Harmon
 a complete showing of
 for the coming season.
 are rich and exclusive.

ample variety to please
te.

Your early inspection
invited.



This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. A vertical crease is visible near the right edge, suggesting it was once folded. The overall tone is a warm, off-white or light beige.

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This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. A vertical crease is visible near the right edge, suggesting it was once folded. The overall tone is a warm, off-white or light beige.

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rooms for rent
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to insert an ad
Classified Adv.

ENGINEER 12-CYLINDER TO SELL FOR \$1,095

Officials Say They Are Prepared to Deliver to Customers in Short Time.

What is creating the biggest sensation of the year in the automobile industry is news that the Enger Motor car company has placed a twelve-cylinder car on the market to sell for the revolutionary price of \$1,095.

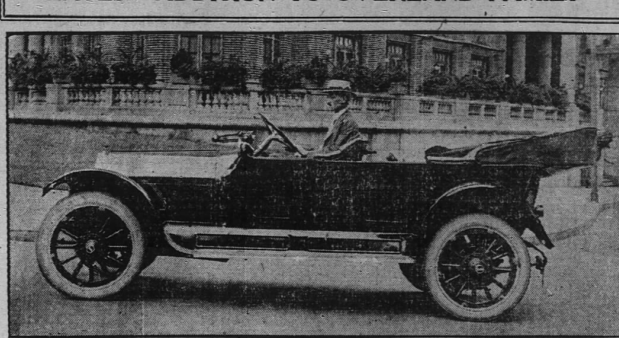
Shipment of demonstrators already has been started and the company officials declare that they are now prepared to make deliveries to purchasers in a short time.

Of further interest is the fact that in design, lines and mechanical make-up the new car is essentially a high-class production. It betrays none of the characteristics of the cheaply built, but reveals a striking abundance of detail and quality. Given a most satisfactory glance at the specifications and list of equipment reveals features most unusual in a car of any size or style selling at that price.

The Enger company is widely known as a successful manufacturer of motor cars, having developed a six-cylinder car which last season met with the most favorable reception from the public. The new twelve-cylinder car will be built in its entirety in the large Enger factory at Cincinnati, where the experiments and tests have been diligently conducted for months.

The absolute secrecy which shrouded the company's plans for the announcement of the car to come as a complete surprise to those connected with the industry. In appearance the car is fitting with long, low, fast lines. The wheelbase of 111 inches has given the designers ample leeway for a roomy, attractive body. Paintmaking care in the construction of the body is obvious to the observer. The upholstery is of a fine grade of real leather, over hair cushions and long, flexible springs. The riding qualities of the car, as well

LATEST ADDITION TO OVERLAND FAMILY



A 12-cylinder, model 80, touring car, requires machine 45-horse-power on bio motor, 125-inch wheel base, vacuum gasoline feed, high tension magneto, one-man top, rain vision shield, left-hand drive, center control; seats seven passengers; streamline body. This car is now on display at the Overland Southern shoe room on Peachtree street.

as the appearance, are further enhanced by the use of cantilever springs, which gives the body the long and low appearance which has become so popular among discriminating motorists.

Repaid.

Mother—Don't cry, dear. Which one of the Jones twins hit you?
Dear—The one with the black eye.

GOOD RECORD MADE BY THE HOLLIER "8" IN PUBLICITY RUN

F. B. Ludwig, of the firm of Ludwig & Morton, southern distributors for the Hollier "8", was much amused over a telegram from the factory stating that in the three state publicity run just completed, the new Hollier "8" came through with a perfect score. The performance of this car is a feature of much interest as it entered every control far ahead of scheduled time, and by the report of the referee was the first to enter Philadelphia and Wilmington as well as Harrisburg at the close of the third day.

Through a misunderstanding the Hollier "8" drove three blocks past the street in Atlantic City, where the checking station was placed, allowing one of the cars in the rear to check in first, but nevertheless, the Hollier reached Atlantic City in the lead, the same position being held throughout the entire run. In fact, the remarkable performance of this car enabled the driver to secure almost any position desired.

During the run the throttle was never open to the limit, but fifty-two miles per hour was obtained over the long stretch of pine barren through New Jersey. The hills were apparently the same as level ground.

The performance of the "Hollier Eight" is all the more remarkable when one considers the fact that it competed with cars of four or five times its cost price and driven by experienced motorists and millionaires in contest, and the third award has not been made. The driver of the "Hollier 8" found it unnecessary to change gears at any time during the run.

Bulletin Report on contest.

First Day—Harrisburg to Atlantic City, 174.8 miles.
Second Day—Atlantic City to Wilmington, 122.2 miles.
Third Day—Wilmington to Harrisburg, 95.5 miles.
Total 492.5

Returns From Factory

W. J. Dabney, state distributor for the Paige, returned last week from a very interesting trip to Detroit. Of course he spent most of his time at the Paige-Detroit factory, just seeing how

JOE WOOD LEADING AMERICAN HURLERS

Has Won Thirteen Games and Lost Four—Scott, of Sox, Is Second.

"Smoky" Joe Wood of the Boston Red Sox is leading the hurlers of the American league, with thirteen wins and four losses. Scott, of the Sox, is second, with ten wins and three losses. The events that will be held are singles and doubles and ladies' singles. Hereafter mixed doubles have been played in preference to ladies' singles, but due to the fact that more ladies are now playing singles than before this event was substituted. The winner of the tourney holds the handsome three-year cup donated by the Georgia Tennis association, and must win it three times in order to become its permanent property. He is also presented a cup by the driving club. The winning team in doubles is also presented a cup. The winner of the ladies' singles is presented a handsome cup. The runner-up of the men's singles will also receive a cup.

Frank Reynolds will act as referee throughout the tourney, which is as good as saying that there will be something doing every day. Nat Thornton and Carlenton Smith have two legs on the handsome three-year cup, being the only players to have more than one leg. Ed Carter, Eddie Taylor of Macon, Mr. Carl Little of Cincinnati and R. Hunt of California are some of the players that have one leg upon the cup by Bryan Grant and Ed Carter. The doubles title was won last year by Bryan Grant and Ed Carter. No entries have been received yet, but it is expected that as many as

Georgia State Tennis Tourney Starts Sept. 6

The eleventh annual Georgia State Tennis tourney for the championship of Georgia will start on the courts of the Piedmont Driving club Monday, September 6.

The events that will be held are singles and doubles and ladies' singles. Hereafter mixed doubles have been played in preference to ladies' singles, but due to the fact that more ladies are now playing singles than before this event was substituted. The winner of the tourney holds the handsome three-year cup donated by the Georgia Tennis association, and must win it three times in order to become its permanent property. He is also presented a cup by the driving club. The winning team in doubles is also presented a cup. The winner of the ladies' singles is presented a handsome cup. The runner-up of the men's singles will also receive a cup.

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BILL JAMES WILL REJOIN BRAVES

Oroville, Cal., August 25.—"Bill" James, the California pitcher who played an important part last year in the fight of the Boston National league club for the championship, left his home here today to rejoin the Braves. James has been troubled with a sore arm and several weeks ago was suspended at his own request to give him an opportunity to rest. He said he believed he was now in condition to help the Braves in their fight for the pennant.

If the Hot Weather's
Gotten on Your
Nerves, Let

KOOL

help you
forget it. Its
deliciously cooling
and refreshing qualities
turn fatigue and heat into
cool contentment. That's why it's

The National Summer Beverage

5¢ everywhere 5¢

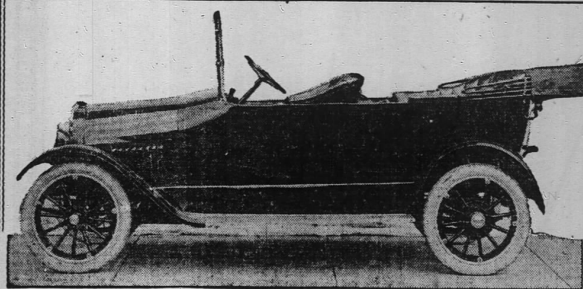
---and it's sanitarily
made and bottled by
those pure drink
people—

The Red Rock Company

Atlanta, Georgia

Also Makers of That Good Lemo-Lime

Immediate Deliveries



Immediate deliveries are the most important things at this time of the year.

We are in a position to deliver immediately and further within five days.

Pullman Southern Distributors, Inc.

316-318 Peachtree Street

Phone Ivy 8510

W. J. DABNEY.

they put them together so fast, and he says it's about the busiest factory up there, too.

Mr. Dabney stated that following the increase in capitalization from \$100,000 to \$1,000,000, directors of the Paige-Detroit Motor Car company at a meeting held August 2, authorized the distribution of \$150,000 par value of the new stock pro rata among the company's stockholders in the form of a 100 per cent stock dividend. They also ordered the transfer of \$150,000 from surplus account to capital stock as part of the operation. The remaining \$50,000 of new stock it was decided, is to be retained for the present in the treasury of the company.

The directors also declared a cash dividend of 5 per cent for the month of August on the old and the new stock payable September 10 to stockholders of record August 31. Officers of the company believe that with the increased capitalization the corporation will be able to make regular monthly dividend payments equivalent to at least 5 per cent on the stock outstanding.

This belief seems to meet corroboration in the fact that for three or four months the company has been paying its stockholders monthly dividends of 10 per cent exclusive of the current year authorized August 2, the company's dividend payments for the current year aggregated 44 per cent on the original authorized capital stock of \$250,000.

While this is especially good news to Paige stockholders and of general interest because it reflects excellent business conditions, Paige officials also have news of particular interest to Paige dealers. The very rapid expansion of Paige business made the problem of deliveries for a while, a difficult one to solve. President H. M. Jewett, however, has personally informed each and every one of the 1,200 men in the Paige dealer organization of the steps taken to meet this situation and has given them his assurance that the company is rapidly placing itself in a position to take care of every man so that each dealer may take advantage of the era of prosperity this country is entering.

Mr. Jewett points out that the 600-foot, four-story addition to the plant is rapidly nearing completion. The new building will soon be in operation. When this is ready the Paige will have a capacity of 325 cars a day.

MAMAUX LEADING NATIONAL HURLERS

Pittsburg's Young Star Has Won Nineteen Games and Dropped But Six.

Mamaux, the young twirler of the Pittsburg Pirates, is the leading hurler of the National league, with nineteen wins and but six defeats this season. Alexander is second, with twenty-four wins and nine losses.

Here are the twirlers that have won more than half of their games through the games played Wednesday, August 25:

Pitcher—Club	G	W	L	Pct.
Ritter, N. Y.	17	9	8	1.000
McPherson, N. Y.	17	9	8	1.000
Shupp, N. Y.	17	9	8	1.000
Stansbury, N. Y.	17	9	8	1.000
Alexander, Phil.	27	24	3	.889
Toney, Cin.	27	24	3	.889
Turner, Cin.	27	24	3	.889
Dale, Cin.	27	24	3	.889
Turner, Phil.	14	14	0	
Coltsman, St. L.	11	4	7	.364
Smith, St. L.	11	4	7	.364
Ragan, N.Y.	32	15	17	.469
Connors, N.Y.	32	15	17	.469
Del. Bk.	32	15	17	.469
Mowbray, N. Y.	32	15	17	.469
McKenny, Cin.	12	4	8	.333
Mayer, Phil.	12	4	8	.333
James, N.Y.	12	4	8	.333
Johnson, N.Y.	12	4	8	.333
Vanhook, Cin.	22	12	10	.545
Brund, N. Y.	25	10	15	.400
Demaree, Phil.	25	10	15	.400
Truffer, Phil.	29	11	18	.379
Adams, Phil.	29	11	18	.379

THE STRAND

BEHIND THE SCREENS

WITH BRITT CRAIG.

The prophets of the picture business are beginning to assert themselves since our modest little dissertation last week on predicted film progress. We have had it suggested that there will eventually be a day of—

Picture characters who will speak directly from the screen;

Automatic pianos that will play the right tune;

Vampires who have at least one good streak in them;

Country maidens who don't have to go wrong;

A foxfilm without a traitress.

"Did you ever laugh with a lump in your throat," queries an advertisement of "Jewel." Not exactly, we answer, but although it isn't the highest-bred thing on earth to do, we could not restrain it at times in the throat of some other fellows we know.

"See what an—"

Avening Woman

"Will Do Here Today"

Ady, in lobby Savoy Monday.

The blank coils of toilet keep us seeing for ourselves, but we are considerably curious to know just what "An

THE STRAND

Special concert numbers for this week

STRAND ORCHESTRA

Mr. Percy Lema, Director.

"FESTIVAL OVERTURE"

(Written by Maurice Wilson especially for and dedicated to the Strand)

TUESDAY

Descriptive Fantasia

"A VISION OF SALOME"

WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY

"THE ROSARY"

Savoy Monday

"HUNGARIAN DANCE NO. 5"

SATURDAY

Cornet Solo "TO YOU"

C. E. Barber, Soloist

Concert Solo "TO YOU"

C. E. Barber, Soloist

Concert Solo "TO YOU"

C. E. Barber, Soloist

Concert Solo "TO YOU"

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Avening Woman" did in the Savoy Saturday.

Town Trade Topics.

We remember him when he was only a young advance agent, trying to get along in the world without the aid of a kindly and attentive press agent, whose work he did himself. We knew him when he first suffered the pangs of boyish love, and how tenderly we go back over the days of his adversity, when he was drawn close to the gang and was faithful. How well we recall the days of cotton stringency last year when he blew in precipitating the advance merits of the colossal "Cabiria." How we enjoyed lunch with him at Childs, his trolley rides, the free hand concert at Piedmont, the dining room at the Y. M. C. A.

But may his present opulence ever increase. May he be even more affable than he has been. May he be able to hire the capable Ralph DeBrunner, who is now riding. Although suffering the adversity of established theatrical and picture history—a man with ideas, a thinker, a tireless worker, and a man who will never sanction anything but good music.

We picture Bill Sharp as a man who would make a more acceptable side-show halloway, as he is called, than the capable Ralph DeBrunner, who is now riding. Although suffering the adversity of established theatrical and picture history—a man with ideas, a thinker, a tireless worker, and a man who will never sanction anything but good music.

"The Phantom Happiness." Invin Release. Invariably gives away to headache and belated resolutions.

"In Spite of Him." Lubin Release. She wore her furs and caught exactly the cold he had predicted.

"The Haunted Hat." Current Release. One which persists in exposing a \$1.35 trade mark when you are putting on "hats."

Exploiting the talents of Anna Orr, the stage artist who has gone in for pictures: Kalman describes her as "the Pantheone." Who Took Broadway by Storm. In this day of prolific press agents, this seems to be the most fashionable manner of taking Broadway, and the woman who does it is by no means as distinctive in her methods as her press agent seeks to convey.

"The Masked Dancer." Kalman Title. But, why wear a mask? It is seldom the full at the face of dancers, anyway.

"The Yarn of a Tire." Unrevel. A story of a tire.

"The Story of a Napkin." Unrevel. A story of a napkin.

"The Kitchen's Mystery." Current Release. What made the kitchen sink?

Another Appreciation. It is well that the goddess Euterpe is stepping in to claim her rights in the local picture situation. A year ago Harry Harris inaugurated the picture theater orchestra in the Strand, but the policy seemed to die when the Grand in the face of the cotton crisis, closed its doors, and Harry went back to the north from whence he came.

Euterpe slumbered until Ralph DeBrunner returned and resurrected her. The instantaneous growth of patronage made his orchestra in the Strand a potent institution, much to the delight of lovers of photographic and symphonic artistry. And now we watch with keen appreciation (not to mention speculation) the spread of the fashion. The Vaudeville, that has never had music due to the temperamental

Post-Impressionistic. GRIFFITH STYPP. Allegories in dance halls. Egyptian classics woven into tango themes.

Biblical Magdalenes with Max Marsh "spit curls." The "way" and "dark age" infused.

"That Poor Dumb Cow." Comedy. Probably never harassed her husband.

"A Bold Impersonation." Current Release. Posting as Mayor Woodward at a recall caucus.

"I wish every citizen could see 'Guarding Old Glory.' So says Lindley M. Garrison, in commenting upon F. O. Nielson's production. So would we. We would rather, however, in time of emergency, be assured that we would see every citizen a participant rather than spectator.

Criticism. By PANSY PANITALL. "The Tigress." The main trouble with "The Tigress," as it is called, is that it is not a tiger. It is a woman, a woman who is as plain, ordinary housewife deeply saddened by the untoward execution of her husband, and proportionately vindictive thereafter.

Olga Petrova has a pleasing figure and a sensuous mode of garbing (i.e., lacinating, if you understand what I mean—and she has a pair of graceful feet, which was all our vision was allowed, but feet and figure never made great. Maybe there is something in her manner of expression, and in the

Music at the Strand.

The following is the program of music arranged by Mr. Percy Lema, director, for the entertainment of Strand patrons for the coming week:

Monday—Festival Overture, (written by Maurice Wilson especially for and dedicated to the Strand).

Tuesday—Descriptive Fantasia, "A Vision of Salome," Lampe.

Wednesday and Thursday—Cello solo, "The Rosary," Nevin—Senior Jose Gasca.

Friday—Hungarian Dance No. 5, Branna.

Saturday—Cornet solo, "To You," Rolfe. C. E. Barber, soloist.

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The Housekeeper's Council Table

Novel Downpour Function as Prenuptial Festivity Brings Sachet to the Fore

By DAME CURTSEY.

WHAT are you planning now?" I asked "Polly," as she dashed into the office, her cheeks aglow and her eyes sparkling. "Oh, just the sweetest thing ever," she exclaimed. "It's a sachet shower for Grace." And here are the details for all you readers who have been waiting to me for new ideas for the festivities that now precede a wedding.

The twelve girls "in it" were asked to meet at "Polly's" and plan the party. At that time each one was to say what kind of a sachet she'd bring. I waited a few days to get the list, and I am sure the bride-elect will be more than pleased. There were sachets of crepe paper (pink roses and blue bow-knots design), made just to fit a bureau drawer.

One layer of sheet wadding was inside, the cotton being split to hold the sachet powder, and all the girls used the same kind, violet and orange root. The paper was lined together with pink satin baby ribbon. Trunk rags covers were made of pink rosette silk, and had a cluster of three sachets hanged to each corner. Two of the girls decided upon orange sachets, made by taking soft satin ribbon and making just a plain bow with ends. The two sachets were attached with cotton to hold the sachet and the ends neatly overhanging together. These are worn either in or outside the dress cover beneath a lace waist. The faint color is very pretty.

Sets of six colored satin squares (two by two inches) were softly stuffed with cotton and scented with lavender flowers. One of the girls made sachets of these waist or armhole sachets of finest mill over pink satin, edging them with "violet".

The practical girl made linen bags filled with lavender flowers for the linen closet, the name, "Sweet Lavender," being worked in lavender floss. A novelty to me was the sachet made from an envelope filled with sachet to be placed in the bureau drawer, and scented sachets made by soaking in a good violet toilet water and drying carefully.

While not strictly speaking "sachet," the gift of a dozen cheesecloth bath bags filled with oatmeal, almond meal and orris, with powdered soap were a dainty addition to this very "sweet" downpour.

Proverb Contest.

This may be given orally (like a spelling bee) or it may be a written game. Limit each one to a half minute, if played orally, after the first word is named. The class is conducted in this way: The teacher mentions the first word of a well-known proverb, the pupil called mentions it. If unable to do so in the time it is passed to the next one, and so on down the line until some one or no one finishes it.

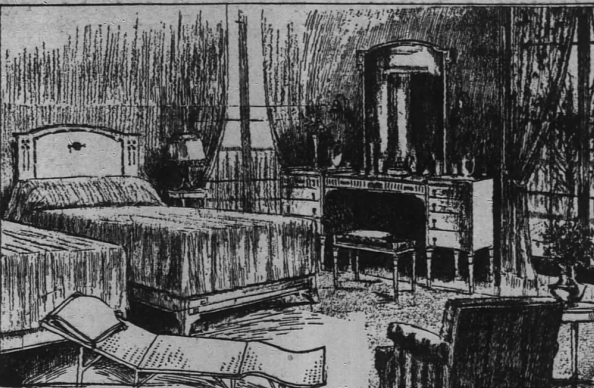
If the proverb begins with "a," "an" or "the," or any very small word, two or more words should be given to get the pupil off. To help make out the list a few proverbs are given here: A stitch in time saves nine. Half loaf is better than no bread. Honesty is the best policy. A friend in need is a friend indeed. A word to the wise is sufficient. Half loaf is better than no bread. When angry count ten before you speak; if very angry, count a hundred.

A bird in hand is worth two in the bush. A penny saved is a penny earned. Procrastination is the thief of time. Make hay while the sun shines. Never put off until tomorrow what you can do today.

Every cloud has a silver lining. All is not gold that glitters. Blessings brighten as they take their flight. Never count your chickens before they are hatched.

A little nonsense now and then is relished by the wisest men. No news is good news. Look before you leap. Out of sight, out of mind. Let them laugh who wish. He who is down need fear no fall. More haste, less speed.

THE Arrangement of a Bedroom to Be Shared by a Couple Is Not Always Easy Because Men and Women Require Different Furniture for Their Needs. Here Is a Well-Designed Room Which Will Instantly Meet Your Approval, for It Is Roomy and Comfortable and Has a Most Homelike Atmosphere.



By MADAME MAISON.

IF ONE has a large, old-fashioned bedroom with high ceilings and windows going to the floor the furniture may be in proportion and so give a right perspective that will be very pleasing. In furnishing any room try to imagine just how each article will look when placed, as one is apt to be confused by the great variety of shapes and style in the store.

The new twin beds that are minus the footboards are a novelty and show to advantage handsome covers of lace, embroidered Swiss or the wonderful hand-crocheted ones.

A figured paper will be appropriate in such a room with a frieze dropping in at least a foot and a half if the walls are over nine feet high. Put plain net curtains up first or dotted swiss over drapery of a figured material to fall to the floor and looped back on

either side; this effect will diminish the apparent height of a couch on which to nap by day or a wicker chaise longue will be a comfortable addition with a sewing table and little rocker and a big comfy chair by a table for the man of the house, suggesting this to be a room for a couple.

Instead of a small dressing table complete with its toilet articles have a large "princes" dresser with a long glass and a row of four or five drawers on either side. Instead of dressing table chair a stool may be used, upholstered with the same material as the draperies. There should be a chiffonier arranged with compartments to hold a man's belongings and a bedside table with a reading lamp. One large rug or small ones may cover the floor as best suits the occupants. This room would be most attractive in rose color and pale gray if the exposure happens to be northwest; the rose would give life and warmth and the gray tone down the afternoon sun. Furniture of this description may be obtained in simple or elaborate style, in enameled wood or mahogany, so all purposes may be satisfied.

For Table Covers.

Will you kindly advise me what to get, or make, in the shape of table covers, or scarfs, for an old-fashioned drop leaf stand (mahogany) and a library table, also mahogany and old style, type-shaped, supported on square base, table top about 27 by 45 inches. Furniture in room is old-fashioned, bought probably sixty-five to seventy

years ago; mahogany frames newly upholstered in a soft, dull gray tapestry, with a design of quaint stiff, little baskets of flowers in tall pastel colors connected by tails of ribbon in old, rather pale blue, all very quaint and Louis something or other. Can make anything you think suitable if needed. Cross stitch designs worked on oyster white linen would be lovely for the table and stand you describe and quite in keeping with your room or you can make covers of the tapestry line with canton flannel, then a satin and finish with a band of dull gump to be purchased in the upholstery department. The fancy work department will show lovely designs in cross stitch and all qualities of linen. It is inexpensive and so good looking.

Reply to Rachel.

You will make no mistake by getting the gray wicker porch set, it will "mix" well with the few pieces you have of brown wood and be sure not to forget the little wicker tea cart. Good luck to the new home. By the way look at her sets of china, especially the set for country house. It is inexpensive and so good looking.

Your Sunday Menu

BREAKFAST.
Blueberries and cream.
Broiled Fresh Mackerel.
Buttered Toast. Marmalade.
Milk, Tea or Coffee.

DINNER.
Cantaloupes.
Salmon, Rolled, Irish Style.
New Potatoes. Peas.
Fruit.
Chocolate Cake. Iced Tea.

SUPPER.
Cheese Souffle.
Potato Salad. Corn.
French Pancakes.
Small Coffee.

BROILED FRESH MACKEREL.
Pare and split two good-sized fresh mackerel through the back. Remove the spine, score them slightly and rub with one tablespoonful of oil. Season with a pinch of salt and half a pinch of pepper. Broil them on a broiler for ten minutes on the split side and one minute on the skin side.

SALMON, ROLLED, IRISH STYLE.
Bone three pounds of salmon. Parboil it. Beatrinkle the sides and sides with a pinch of salt, half a pinch of pepper and the same amount of nutmeg. Add a few shrimps chopped fine, one tablespoonful parsley and half a cupful of bread crumbs. Roll together, then put it into a deep pan with a small amount of butter. Bake in a hot oven for twenty-five minutes and serve on a dish, pouring its own gravy over.

FRENCH PANCAKES.—Sixt half a pound of wheat flour into a bowl. Break in three whole eggs. Add two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar and mix well with a spoon; stir in a cupful of cold milk. Pour it in very gradually and mix for five minutes. Butter a griddle or frying pan and place it on the stove. When it is hot drop a quarter of a cupful of batter and bake two minutes. Turn the pancakes over and bake the other side as long.

A Page of Practical Talks On the Home, Conducted by Dorothy Dolan

Discovered by College Girls, Chafing Dish Now Is Household Institution

By DOROTHY DOLAN.

IT WAS the college girl at her mid-night spreads, who, wishing to give feasts to some of her classmates and society shakers, discovered the practicality of the chafing dish.

Busy with her studies and classes all day, she had little time to market or to prepare an elaborate supper. More often than not she had to do her marketing after class hours and prepare her supper while entertaining her guests. This worried her little because she could not get things ready and talk to her friends at one time.

A large spread was managed in the same easy manner, because a few of the more energetic girls were invited to act as aids. When the mothers visited at college, they were surprised to find how many splendid dishes might be fashioned in a simple way, all by the aid of a few goodies and a chafing dish.

Now the chafing dish has asserted itself and is found in most well-conducted homes. In small families it is often called into use at the breakfast or at the luncheon meal. It is more commonly used for evening suppers and after dinner spreads. Bachelors who had little confidence in handling a gas or coal range find themselves equally at home with the chafing dish and this form of entertainment.

It is equally valuable when preparing a dainty dish for a convalescent or an invalid, because almost any dish can be had by this means in a hurry and without musing up a room. Whether heated by alcohol or by electricity they are easily handled and kept clean. This is equally true of a dish of copper, nickel or silver-plated.

In cooking on a chafing dish, it is well to use heavy pots or skillets, because it gives more heat, burns without odor and proves less expensive. If you do not want to make the work any more difficult than is necessary be sure and have the necessary ingredients and your measuring cups and spoons with your chafing dish on a table before your guests arrive.

The dishes that may be prepared by this simple device are endless. They include toast, griddle cakes, fritters, meat, vegetable dishes, cheese dishes, fancy soups and many others. A few of the many recipes possible are:

Tomato Cream Toast.—Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter, add two of flour. Add one-half teaspoonful salt, and pour on gradually one and a half cups of tomato sauce. Simmer for five minutes. To which has been added one-fourth teaspoonful soda. Then add one-half cup of cream. Dip slices of toast in bread in same and serve same as milk toast. This sauce should be cooked over hot water.

French Fritters.—Mix and sift one cupful of flour, one-fourth teaspoon-

ful salt and two teaspoonfuls baking powder. Add three-fourths cupful milk, one egg well beaten, and one tablespoonful melted butter. When cooked spread with currant jelly and sprinkle with powdered sugar. Beat jelly with a fork before attempting to spread.

Eggs au Boure Not.—Melt one tablespoonful of butter and slip in carefully four eggs, one at a time. Sprinkle with salt and pepper and cook until whites are firm. Add more butter if needed. Turn them once during the cooking. Brown two tablespoonfuls buttered eggs one-half teaspoonful vinegar. Strain over eggs.

Curried Eggs.—Melt two tablespoonfuls of butter, add two tablespoonfuls of milk and one-fourth teaspoonful salt. Season with one-half teaspoonful curry powder and one-eighth teaspoonful paprika. Stir until well mixed, then pour on gradually one cupful milk. Add three hard-boiled eggs, cut in halves lengthwise and reheat in sauce.

Grilled Oysters.—Clean one pint of oysters and drain off all the liquor possible. Put the oysters in blazer and as fast as liquor flows from them remove with a spoon. So continue until the oysters are plump. Sprinkle with salt and pepper. Add two tablespoonfuls butter and serve on small pieces of toast.

Mix one and one-half cupfuls lobster meat. Cut in dice with two tablespoonfuls olive oil and one of vinegar. Melt three tablespoonfuls butter, add four of tomato catsup and the diced lobster. Season with one-half teaspoonful mustard, one and one-half teaspoonful milk, salt and cayenne. Serve as soon as thoroughly heated.

Curried Lobster.—Remove the meat from a two-pound lobster and cut in small cubes. Add three tablespoonfuls finely chopped onion until yellow. Add three tablespoonfuls flour mixed with one-half tablespoonful curry powder, one-half teaspoonful salt and one-eighth teaspoonful paprika. Pour on gradually two cups milk. Mash the yolks of three hard-boiled eggs and add the liver of the lobster. Add lobster cubes to the sauce and as soon as heated the egg mixture. Serve with boiled rice.

Creamed Crab.—Remove the meat from one dozen hard-shelled crabs. Cook four tablespoonfuls butter with one-half shallot, finely chopped, until yellow. Add four tablespoonfuls flour and pour on two cups of cream gradually. Put in crab meat, one-half teaspoonful salt, one-fourth teaspoonful paprika, a slight grating nutmeg and two tablespoonfuls of sherry wine.

Exercise, Not Quiet Amusement, May Be Need of Your Wan Child

I WONDER what is the matter with my little daughter this afternoon. She is so still and demure. The roses in her cheeks have quite faded away, and the once animated brown eyes are now heavy and tired looking. I said, the conversation mother as she looked at her growing little daughter of 5.

The little girl looked up in her mother's loving and anxious face and smiled, hoping her childlike smile might blow the look of anxiety from her mother's countenance. Realizing that her smile had failed of its results, she exclaimed with a small amount of enthusiasm, as much as she could muster, "See, mother, what a splendid time our neighbors' children are having; some are playing follow the leader, and the others are dancing on the lawn. Would it not be splendid if I might go down with them?"

"No, my child, I should rather not have you go out of doors now. It is just the warmest time of the day. Besides, I do not care about having you play with all the children in the neighborhood. Wait until your nurse has finished washing and ironing your dresses, and you can go and get your cousin and go for a walk together." The little girl thought much, but said this. Though her mother was not conscious of his fact, she intuitively realized that if she might go down into the street and dance and play with the neighbor's children her eyes would brighten and her face would be painted with the same rose cheeks she had when she was a tiny thing.

There are many such healthy, lovely little flowers fading and becoming delicate, just because over-anxious mothers are giving their children too much of the wrong sort of care.

Nature is giving your child riches of body as well as blessings of mind and it is your duty as an intelligent mother to make the best use of your child's endowment. Do not think of your child by keeping those energies, which want their natural, normal expressions, from having their right. If you find that your child is pale and listless or irritable and contrary, in nine cases out of ten she is not getting enough normal exercise either outdoors or in. Parents often fail to realize that their children, for healthful exercise, need to express themselves through their own activity. If a child has not plenty of brothers and sisters with whom she can play, it is a mother's duty to see that her child gets plenty of time to play with her little companions, especially the children of her neighborhood.

Your neighbor's children are eyes of approval and beauty they live in the same neighborhood they usually have many common tastes. You need



First Teach Your Child Simple Dances.

not worry about their finding amusement, for great numbers will suggest themselves, such as "tag," "pussy in the corner," "blind man's buff," "follow the leader," outdoor gymnastic dancing and a host of others. If it is too hot or storming too hard for your child to stay out of doors, see that she gets plenty of indoor exercise. Sitting on the floor playing with her dolls and building blocks will not give her a strong body, though it may develop her emotions and dexterity with her hands. As soon as she is able to stand on her two feet give her her share of singing games and dances. By the time she is 4 or 5 the rhythmic games can be supplemented by folk dances and gymnastic dances. Dancing, especially the aesthetic dancing, is an excellent form of amusement, though good for all children, it is especially valuable for the nervous child. It gives poise, and teaches control of the muscles, both of which are very valuable in overcoming nervousness. As Sarah Comstock, discussing this

point, so truly says, "Teach your child the simple exercises which play through all the sensitive foot and leg muscles, tending, calling forth their powers. Any dancing is good, but gymnastic dancing is especially adapted to the weak foot's needs." "Why not study it a bit yourself, and dance with your child if you cannot put her under a professional teacher?" These dances must be exceedingly simple at first, but they can gradually include the more difficult folk dances of the different nations. Though you may not realize this important fact, the foot and the leg are usually weaker in the young child than are the arm and the hand. This is because long ago our ancestors were prehistoric—that is, they used both their legs and arms. After a time they did much more with their hands than with their feet, and so today our hands and arms have more initial strength. Let your child jump rope, but as in all other exercises see that the amount is rational.

Timely and Tested Fruit Canning Hints for the Economic Housewife

IN CANNING all kinds of food, its condition is of great importance. Select fresh, perfect fruit, and use it as soon as possible after gathering. Wash berries and small fruits before hulling or stemming, put a small quantity into a colander, pour cold water over them, and drain on a sieve; work quickly in washing to prevent berries from absorbing water, pare fruit with a knife, wash all large fruit before setting.

Peel plums, peaches and tomatoes by placing them in a wire basket and plunging into boiling water from overhead for three minutes, until the skin begins to loosen. Plunge the receptacle into cold water for a moment. Drain and peel. Skins of beets and carrots can be removed by this process, allowing a longer time for scalding. If one wishes to use for commercial purposes, it is wiser to use the finished product, as it makes the finished product less expensive than when sold in glass jars. The United States Department of Agriculture, through its bureau of plant industry, furnishes upon application, the directions for the purchase and use of tin can outlets.

In canning peaches, pears, plums, apples and tomatoes, one-period sterilization is sufficient. Sterilize fifteen minutes in hot water bath, washing bottle outfit, at 212 degrees.

In making sirup for canning, one quart and one-half of sugar and one quart of water will make the following amounts of sirup:

Thin, used for canning apples, peaches, three and one-half pints; medium thick, used for canning raspberries, blackberries, three pints; medium thick, used for canning strawberries, two pints.

Canned Bartlett Pears.

Pare, halve and core fruit which is ripe. Pack closely in jars without crushing. Add one tablespoonful lemon juice to each quart jar. Pour over a medium thick sirup to fill the can. Place covers on jars, clamp upper half of wire over the cover. Sterilize the filled jar twenty-five minutes. The lemon gives character to the pears. Sometimes pears which are without flavor may be made very palatable.

by adding lemon juice and ground anise seed in mason, one-half teaspoonful to a can. Thin-skinned pears may be canned unpared. They are richer, but not so digestible.

Those who live where wild berries are plenty will find a delightful overture in jelly by combining them with quince. To each quart of quince, washed, pared and cut in small portions, add one pint of berries. When the quince is very soft strain the fruit through a jelly bag. Measure the juice, boil ten minutes, add an equal measure of sugar. Boil until the jelly will gell.

Peaches and Pineapples.

Peach and pineapple make a delicious preserve. Run the prepared meat of a pineapple through the grinder. Add three times as much peach, measured after being ground. Add two pounds of sugar. Cook until the mixture is of the consistency of marmalade. Store in jelly glasses. This preserve is delicious served with ice cream.

Considerable improvements in cans have been made of late and excellent containers may be secured at very moderate prices. The reader will observe in the illustration in the center of this page different types of cans, to be chosen according to fruits to be put up, the space to be occupied, and so on. Whether to purchase commercial

canned and preserved fruits rather than put at home is a question depending largely upon the cost of the home supply—whether one has home-grown fruits going to waste. It is oftentimes less expensive, when fuel, sugar, etc., are reckoned, to buy the commercial product.

Glazed Pineapple Slices.

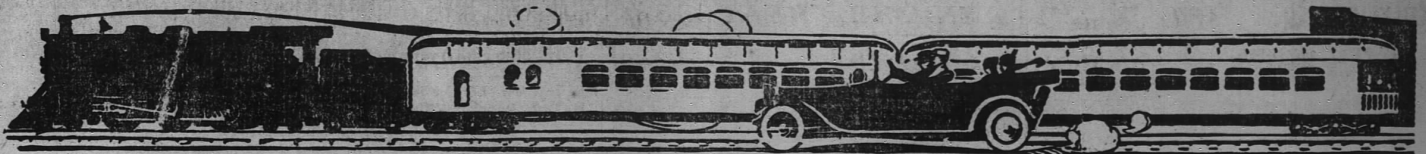
Take fresh pineapple, wash and peel carefully and cut in one-inch slices. The fruit should be boiled first alone until it is quite soft. If the fruit is good and ripe one and a half hours ought to do. Meanwhile boil some refined sugar, using one-fifth as much sugar as water. When the sugar water is hot drop in the slices of pineapple. Remove and cover them up with paper. At the start a comparatively small amount of sugar is used so that the slices will not float. In this way they will absorb the sugar better.

Next day the slices are arranged in a mixer, the sugar being concentrated to 24 per cent and poured over them hot.

The finished candy is transferred to a suitable pan and set aside. It is important that the finished sugar should be poured over the fruit three hours before it has cooled so far that a solid crust is formed. Thus if the candy is finished at 4 o'clock it must be poured about 7. The candy pans are left over night in the warm drying rooms and emptied next morning.



Fruit Carefully Packed Is Attractive.



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THROUGH STEEL, ELECTRICALLY LIGHTED
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STEEL, ELECTRICALLY LIGHTED COACHES,
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For space, call
at the office of
the building,
room 318.

The Empire Life Building Atlanta's New Railroad Headquarters

After September 1st the big made-to-order, the Southern Railway and the Atlanta & West Point, the Georgia, the Southern Railway and the Atlanta & Birmingham & Atlantic, will occupy the ground floor of the Empire Life Building as their City Ticket Office. Also here are pending with other roads for space on floors above.

We will offer for rent September 1st, to desirable tenants, part of the second floor. Located as it is, surrounded by those of the most prominent streets, with large windows overlooking the city and the river, it is well adapted for any other kind of business office—in fact, it is well suited to the ground floor up.

We also have some very desirable space on floors above, no sales or display rooms, which we will arrange to suit your convenience, and at reasonable rates.

The Empire Life Building—right in the heart of the busy section, surrounded by all lines to all parts of the city, convenient to the leading hotels, postoffice, and all other places of interest in the business world.



New City Ticket Office



SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Announces Removal of their
CITY PASSENGER AND TICKET OFFICE

to

74 PEACHTREE ST., EMPIRE LIFE BLDG.

and invites you to inspect
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SOUTHERN RAILWAY

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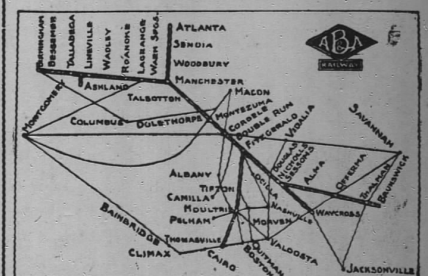
Southern Pacific Company

Takes pleasure in announcing the removal of their Freight and Passenger Office from Fourth National Bank Building to No. 80 Peachtree street, on ground floor Empire Life Building, and will be glad to see their friends and patrons on and after September 1st. Fastest trains and best service to Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona and California. Oil-burning locomotives. No dust or cinders. Daily sleeping car service to Los Angeles and San Francisco. Ask Information for our new telephone number, or call by and see us. Quickest schedules to both Expositions. Let us furnish you with rates, schedules and itinerary for your trip west. Attractive literature for distribution.

R. O. BEAN, Traveling Passenger Agent
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BEST ROUTE TO SOUTH GEORGIA
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TO THOMASVILLE, MOULTRIE, TIFTON,
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TRAINS LEAVE FROM TERMINAL STATION
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ANNOUNCEMENT GEORGIA RAILROAD

Synonymous of "SAFETY-COURTESY-SERVICE"

On and After September 1st
CITY TICKET OFFICE

Will Be Located in Empire Life Building.

THREE ENTRANCES

80 PEACHTREE ST.—71 & 73 N. BROAD ST.

The men in charge of this new office will be of much experience, which insures that our patrons will receive careful attention and courtesy.

BOTH PHONES:

BELL: IVY 868—ATLANTA 157.

Please make note of these numbers in your Phone Directories.

"THE GEORGIA RAILROAD ITSELF IS HISTORIC. OUT OF IT GREW ATLANTA."

ANNOUNCEMENT Atlanta & West Point Railroad Co. The Western Railway of Alabama

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The personnel of this office will be the same as in the old location, thereby insuring continued courteous treatment to all patrons.

Our trains are synonymous of Service, Comfort and Care. A trip over our rails is convincing.

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POPULAR SMYRNA GIRL



G

Photo by Clifton.

MISS EDITH HUDGINS.

Mrs. Edith Jewett, who has been visiting Miss Sybil Jewett, has returned to her home in Jacksonville.
Miss Dagmar Sams is the guest Dr. and Mrs. Peed, of Oxford.
Mrs. Lella Redwine, of Atlanta, w

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a distinct personality
Millinery this season.
the advantage of choos-
a stock which contains
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of September see you domiciled in new quarters? Will the "moving" on your doorstep one of these bright mornings, waiting to cart you and Penates to the new abode?

Is some spot in that new abode that's achingly empty—that needs a comfortable chair or another bookcase to make it more cheerful. Maybe furniture has never been quite completed and won't quite do in the new house.

Hundred "maybes" we could suggest that would be relieved or entirely satisfied to visit our Furniture Section. You know what they are in your own home; you also know that if it's a question of Furniture, we can settle it for you. A whole dining room suite, a living room complete or a tiny little stool will give you Furniture that will be a joy to you the rest of your household.

Furniture Section—Fourth Floor.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

BUCKLE UP BY EMERSON HOUGH (from the Scenario by GRACE CUNARD) AUTHOR OF "THE LADY and the PIRATE," "JOHN RAWN," ETC.

NINTH INSTALLMENT

SYNOPSIS

Kitty Gray, newspaper woman, finds in a curio shop half of a broken coin, the mutilated inscription on which arouses her curiosity and leads her, at the order of her managing editor, to go to the principal of Grethoffen to piece out the story suggested by the inscription. She is followed, and an arrival in Grethoffen her adventure while chasing the secret of the broken coin begins.

CHAPTER XXXVI.

The Trap.

"Mademoiselle, give it to me! Let us end all this."

The voice of Count Frederick was agitated. For once he had met a situation sufficient to shake him from his calm.

Kitty Gray made no answer, as she shrunk back, the coin tightly clasped in her hand. She cast on him a look so full of womanly anger as might have scorched him—an anger now devoid of fear. "Will you not?" The man's voice had in it now something almost of pleading. Count Frederick felt something of shame at his own part in this.

"No," she answered at length, her own voice low and even, panting out the words. "No, I will not. Come and take it from me if you dare. You have done that once, why not again?"

He turned away with a sudden gesture, his face red in chagrin over the justice of her taunt.

"You remember that?" said he. "What remains? Must I be yet more rude with you? It is not that I like the part, mademoiselle, be sure of that. It was not myself but my man who laid hands upon you that other time."

"He is still your man. You yourself still are willing to persecute a woman and a stranger. You are no better than he."

"Suppose I am not, then. Does it look as though you would gain much by defying me? Come, now. The coin is nothing to you; it is everything to me. I swear it is more than I thought it ever would be. It is life and death for me, and more than that, mademoiselle. Would you stand between me and an ambition such as that? I would repay you a hundredfold in any way you needed, if you would but listen to reason. But perhaps a woman does not know the word for reason."

"No, I do not. I remember only one word, and that is hate for you! When my chance comes I shall still remember that. In turn I will put you behind the bars if ever the opportunity comes to me. And you shall stay there always for all of me. I hate you!"

Count Frederick smiled grimly. "There is comfort in that word, mademoiselle," said he. "Rather than leaden-eyed indifference, at least. But as for me, I do not hate you, neither am I indifferent toward you. I only hate, mademoiselle, I try only to think of the coin and what it means to me."

"If it belonged to you, monsieur, it would have gone to you long ago. If you ever owned it you would own it now."

A sudden change came over the face of the nobleman as he caught the conviction in these words. They touched for him some consciousness long left unawakened.

"What do you mean?" he asked in a low voice. "What is it that you mean when you say that?" "When Frederick, Count of Grethoffen, deserves this coin, when he earns it, when he gains title by virtue of right thoughts and deeds, then perhaps it will come to him; surely not before. This coin," she held it now out before her in her hand, "it will come eventually to that place where it belongs. It is seeking for that place now. The people really own it. They ask freedom and justice and liberty. And now you ask me why I cling to it; why it clings to me. I suppose it is because something impels me, compels me, to do what I have done."

Count Frederick turned to compose himself to a situation of greater comfort. As he did so, and was about to seat himself upon the lower stair, something fell from the pocket of his coat, something which he had brought with him from his room, in the hope that it had not been observed there by this woman. It fell now face upward on the stair between them, and he saw that it had seen it. He accepted the fact, and at first did not attempt to pick up the little picture, for it was the little picture which he had brought with him from his room.

"You saw, mademoiselle?" said he. "I had hoped that you would not."

"Yes, I see it now; I say it before in your room," answered Kitty contemptuously. "You ask why I venture into your apartments now and then. Have I not the right? I do not claim my own property? I am not familiar with the laws of Grethoffen. Indeed, it seems to me there are no laws in this land. Not knowing how to replevin my property by process of law, what shall I do—wait and lose it, or take my own when I find it?"

Count Frederick smiled at this. "You claim the coin also by that law?" said he. "Very well, I claim my picture by that law. Possession is nine points of the law of any land. Will you trade this for that?"

"No," he replied. "He remained silent for a time, at length sighing. "Quite right," said he. "Neither would I, if our positions were reversed. Nor would I, things remaining quite as they are!"

"So there is no bargain concluded," said he. "So then I suppose we will wait here until doom-day."

"Yes," he replied.

"Agreed, then, mademoiselle. With your permission, may I light a cigarette? Till doom-day! I would rather spend my time here than any place I know."

CHAPTER XXXVII.

New Problems.

Meantime the agencies of the law were in charge of another situation which but now had arisen in the destiny of the dynamic Grethoffen coin. There had been murder done but now over this coin. The city was exerting all its force usually employed in the preservation of life and property. Swiftly a cordon of troops and of the local gendarmes had been summoned into action. The exits of the town were guarded. The gendarmes filled the streets near by, some guarding the crossings, others converging toward the point of greater interest, whence the alarm had come—the Ritz hotel.

The entire city was alarmed and on guard. That

criminal must act swiftly who now could hope escape. A captain of one squad of the gendarmes entered the hotel itself and swiftly approached the desk where stood the manager of the hotel, the clerk, many of the servants, including the hysterical maid who first had brought the news of the tragedy.

"What is this, monsieur?" demanded the officer, as he approached the desk, his quick eyes glancing over every detail about him. "Remain here, all of you. Let no one attempt escape. What is this, then?"

"We do not know, captain," began the clerk, who acted as spokesman. "This maid brings the alarm; she declares a man has been found killed in one of our apartments."

"What room was it, monsieur?"

"That belonging to a young American woman, a Miss Gray."

"Where is she?"

"We do not know, captain. She was here but now. I did not see her enter, but saw her leave. She

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loud rapping came at the doors of Count Frederick's palace. "Open, in the name of the king!" came the summons.

The servants, terrified, lacking the command of their master, not knowing where that master was, knew no alternative but to obey. The door was opened. The captain of gendarmes and his squad entered.

"The master of this place," he demanded of the men who met him. "Where is he? Is he at home?"

"We do not know," stammered the major domo, the first to speak.

And while two of his detail held the servants in the lower part of the house, the others, led by the captain of gendarmes, started up the great stair toward the interior of the palace. Therefore they approached the position of Rouleau, who had stationed himself in the hallway where the stair reached the first entrance.

All at once he heard the voice of Kitty, loud and clear: "Rouleau! Rouleau! A moi! Vite! Vite!"

"What is this?" he cried.

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possible. We must be released at once from detention."

The little group passed along the walk to the open curb of the street. It was Rouleau who hesitated here, addressing the captain of gendarmes.

"Monsieur le capitaine," said he, "I see that you guard all the escapes possible to any guilty man. You will therefore allow me to step to the corner to summon a carriage for these two excellencies?"

The captain of the gendarmes hesitated for a half-instant, frowned, and then nodded.

Those who lingered for an instant saw Rouleau walk leisurely toward the corner, raise his hand as though in a signal, and then break into a run.

"Wait," exclaimed Count Frederick, as he saw the plan of the quick-witted servant. "If you leave us we also might run away. We will pick him up, no doubt. Do you tarry here with us."

In fact, the captain of gendarmes, seeing his own party reduced by divisions to no more than a couple of men beside himself, hesitated, and turned to secure the safety of his more important captives.

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WHEAT REGISTERS NEW LOW RECORD

Trends in All Chicago Staples Nervous and Erratic, Future Options Being Marked by Irregularity.

[illegible][illegible]

Provisions.
Chicago, August 23.—Cash:
Pork, \$12.60.
Lard, 10.00.
Hibs, \$1.00 @ 1.25.

Union Stock Yards,
Chicago, Ill. 29, 1918.
Dividend No. 116.
Dividends of \$1.00 (22 1/2) per
share on the capital stock of Swift &
Company will be paid on October 1,
1919, to stockholders of record Sep-
tember 10, 1919, as shown on the books
of the company.
P. S. HAYWARD, Secretary.

J. METZ,
C. ACCOUNTANT
Company of the South
ATLANTA

RDSON & CO.
ACCOUNTANTS
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

AND COMPANY
MERCHANTS
New Orleans Cotton Exchange
and Gulf Association
NEW ORLEANS
cotton for future delivery. Liberal
policy. Correspondence invited.
Builder, Atlanta

D., Cotton Merchants
RE, NEW YORK

New Orleans Cotton Exchange, New
Orleans; Liverpool Cotton Association,
Liverpool. Sale of cotton and cotton seed oil for
liberal terms given for consignments
since invited.

FOR RENT—Apartments

[illegible]

Peachtree. Ivy 662-J.

[illegible]

M APARTMENTS on beautiful
Ansley Park, steam heat, hot

[illegible]

hall, porches, yard, walking dis-

FOR RENT—House.
FURNISHED.
RESIDENCE, NORTH
REASONABLE. 19
FORE BLOCK.
1. country home, furnished;
2. Market street, address
Box 64, care Constitution, or
Box 595.
ARK Bungalow, comfortably fur-
nished or lease from Sept. 1. Re-
vised. Call after 3 p. m. 17

them. Good offer to right party.

[illegible]

hall and bath, servant's room, with hot water connection and open fire place; also No. 141 lobby

W. F. GLOVER REALTY CO.
2 1/2 Walton St.

ECONOMIZE by renting one of the homes in a quiet neighbor-

back from Technological school
 on the corner of 10th and
 street (newly painted)...\$16.00
 white section. All modern conven-
 each place has large lot. Ap-
 pectures, offices and business space
 A phone number will make
 by mail, or a polite intelligent
 to help you find what you
 P. F. Moore, 1000
 2118 and 2117, Atlanta phone

DE LEON AVE. 12 rooms and
 porch. Has all city conveniences,
 gas heater, 7 foot hot water in two
 bath, laundry, garage, etc.
 you. Call 214. Walton St.
 P. O. Box 24, Walton St.
 City owner. Near-class. 6-
 98 West 12th St. 12 rooms, between
 street and Spring Street. Living
 dining room, kitchen, bath and
 bedrooms, with bath. 191 5672.
 nice build. Call 214.

FOR RENT.

urnace-heated, \$25 per month.
 er, 1205 Healey bldg.

COL. AVE., 10-room, 2-story
ranged for two families; just put
addition; has two baths, two
separate entrances. Price \$15. T.
Equitable. Ivy 5673 or Ivy 2384.

OUR NEW FALL SUITS ARE STUNNING. BE SURE TO SEE THEM.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

Just Two Days More and Your Opportunity to Save Real Money on House Linens and Bedding Will Have Passed



When the bell rings Tuesday night our great August Sale of House Linens and Bedding will be past history. It will be good history, it's true, for this has been a wonderful sale. But Wednesday morning prices will be back to regular. And in many instances "regular" prices will show a considerable advance. Everything linen and woolen, you know, is going up in price in consequence of the war. Things we've marked away down for this sale will cost us more now than the Sale Price.

Have YOU gotten your bargains during this sale? Maybe you've been planning all along to come down and get what your linen closet is calling for, but you've simply put it off.

Put on your bonnet bright and early Monday morning and be here! Don't let anything keep you away. It's absolutely the last chance you'll have to buy linens and beddings at such prices. Monday and Tuesday, remember, are the LAST DAYS. Don't, under any circumstances, miss them.

Four Great Bargain Lots of Odd Table Cloths

These will be conveniently placed on four center tables for quick selling.

At \$5.90

Table Cloths
2 x2 yards 2 x2½ yards
2 x3 yards 2 x3½ yards
2½ x2½ yards 2½ x2½ yards
Former prices \$3.50 to \$11.

At \$4.90

Table Cloths
2 x2 yards 2 x2½ yards
2 x3 yards 2 x3½ yards
2½ x2½ yards 2½ x2½ yards
Former prices \$6.50 to \$8.50.

At \$3.90

Table Cloths
2 x2 yards 2 x2½ yards
2 x3 yards 2 x3½ yards
For 54 or 60-inch round tables.
Former prices \$5 to \$7.50.

At \$2.90

Table Cloths
2 x2 yards
2 x2½ yards
2 x3 yards
Former prices \$4 to \$5.

TABLE LINENS BY THE YARD

These are very SPECIAL values. Be sure to see them:

Brown's celebrated Shamrock brand Irish Damask, full bleached, 66 inches wide, yd. \$1.89
Rich's Special Irish Damask, full bleached, 72-in. wide, regularly \$1.25, special, yd. \$1.00
Rich's Special IRISH DAMASK, full bleached, 72-in. wide, our reg. \$1.50 value, yd. \$1.25
Rich's extra heavy IRISH DAMASK, cream, 72-in. wide, regular value \$1.25, yd. \$1.00
Rich's extra heavy IRISH DAMASK, silver bleached, 70-in. wide, reg. \$1.50 value, yd. \$1.19

BATH TOWELS

Extra Special Values in BATH TOWELS for the last two days of the August Sale. TOWELS that are regularly 15c to 50c each—
12½c, 17½c, 25c, 29c, 39c

TOWELS

17x24-inch Union Huck TOWELS, half linen, 12½c values, each 10c
12x18-inch Union Huck TOWELS, half linen, 12½c values, each 10c
12x18-inch Pure Linen Huck TOWELS. Only a few dozen of these; while they last. 19c
12x18-inch Fine German Linen Huck TOWELS. A splendid 50c value 25c
12x18-inch German Linen Huck TOWELS, hemstitched. Fine value at 35c 35c
20x28-inch Fine German Linen Huck TOWELS, hemstitched 35c
22x38-inch German Linen Huck TOWELS, hemstitched, extra fine, 50c value 39c

COMFORTS

Here is a lot of COMFORTS that we are going to sell at a VERY SPECIAL price, because they are just a little soiled from handling. They are cotton-filled, with satine and silklike covers. Splendid values at \$2.50 and \$4.00. Special for the last two days of the sale \$2.48

New Dress Goods and Silks

Wonderful in weave and color are the new fabrics in the Silk and Dress Goods Section. Heavy Broadcloths, dark and rich looking; Vigoureux Suiting and Mannish Tweeds, fine French Serge and the new material called "Fram" that is something like the old-time epingle—these in deep, rich colorings or fancy mixtures are being developed every day into the most beautiful gowns and exclusive suits.

We are showing an unusually attractive line of these materials now in all the most wanted colors and at the very reasonable prices of

\$1, \$1.50, \$1.59, \$2

Among the newest Silks are the self-colored plaid Taffetas. These are really taffetas with satin plaid designs woven in the same color. They're very pretty and make up into the smartest frocks imaginable. 36 inches wide, Russian, crown blue and blackberry—

\$2 the Yard

Plaids are much in evidence this season. Our line of Tartans is colorful and attractive. All combinations, light or dark, sombre or gay, are to be found here—

\$1, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2 the Yard

A new fabric that we are showing is Russian Radiana. This is a soft, lustrous material, 44 inches wide; navy, Belgian, African brown, Russian green, black and white—

\$1.50 the Yard

The fabrics for evening wear are lovelier this season than they've ever been. Gauzy, colorfully Chiffons and Corsette Crepes, plain or embroidered, in dainty pastel shades; dined thistle-down fabrics; tulle and net flouncing embroidered in iridescent sequins and metallic threads, with bandings, both wide and narrow, to match.

NEW CORDUROY

Corduroys continue to hold their great popularity, and will be much used this fall. We have just received some new ones, wide and narrow wale, navy, white, cardinal and battleship gray—

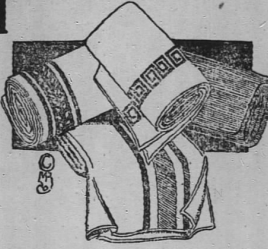
\$1 the Yard

Women's Neckwear 49c

Tomorrow we put on special sale a collection of a lot of pretty Neckwear that includes many of the daintiest and most serviceable articles we have ever shown. The materials in all of these goods are of fine quality shadow laces, lawn and laces, plain and embroidered organdies, lawns and linen. The lot consists of Dutch collars, Quaker collars, coat collars, collar and cuff sets, yokes, roll collars and vests. The values range from \$1.00 to \$1.50. Tomorrow they all go in as specials for **49c**

Women's Silk Hose 59c

Broken lines of women's Hose, pure silk thread, with silk tops and silk feet. Also lisle tops and feet. The colors are gray, bronze, tan, Nile, navy, sky and red. All sizes in lot, but not all sizes of every color. Regular \$1.00 values for **59c**



NAPKINS

18-inch NAPKINS, full bleached, all pure linen, fast self-edge, reg. \$1.50 value, doz. \$1.20
18-inch Scotch NAPKINS, full bleached, dainty, smooth weave, regular, value \$2.25, special, dozen \$1.79
20-inch NAPKINS, fine Irish Damask, five attractive designs. Our \$3.00 leader; special, dozen \$2.48
22-inch NAPKINS, extra fine Irish Damask, regular price \$3.50 dozen; special, doz. \$2.85
24-inch NAPKINS, fine German Damask, one of our best \$5.00 values, dozen \$3.98
26-inch NAPKINS, fine Silsden Damask, our special leader at \$6.00, dozen \$4.69

BED SPREADS

Satin Marcellines and Crochet QUILTS, hemmed or scalloped and cut corners, all sizes; regular values \$1.50 to \$5.00. This Sale—
\$1.19 to \$4.48

SHEETS

Rich's Round Thread SHEETS, hemmed, 72x90 inches, 85c value 75c
Rich's Round Thread SHEETS, hemmed, 84x96 inches, 93c value 82c
Rich's Round Thread SHEETS, hemmed, 96x104 inches, \$1.05 value 91c
Other sizes at proportionate reductions.

PILLOW CASES

Rich's Round Thread PILLOW CASES, hemmed, size 42x26 in. Reg. price 20c, special 18c
Rich's Round Thread PILLOW CASES, hemmed, size 45x28 in. Reg. price 24c, special 21c

BLANKETS

Here is a BLANKET value that you don't want to miss. It is a SPECIAL for the last two days of the sale. The same BLANKETS have been in the sale right along, but we've reduced them even lower for tomorrow and Tuesday. Plaid and white wool BLANKETS, and unusually good value at \$5 **\$3.98**

Special in Peter Thompson Dresses

Peter Thompson and Camp Fire Frocks! The kind every girl loves and the style that is particularly becoming and girly-looking. These are navy and black, some with bright colored plaid or solid ties; some with pleated skirts, wide belts and white collars and cuffs.

These are of excellent quality of serge and will wear splendidly. Regularly the prices of these Dresses are \$10, \$12.50 and \$15. Tomorrow, choice, **\$3.98**.

Hair Goods Specials

Here are some great values in Hair Goods for tomorrow. Fashion says, you know, that you must have lots more hair this winter than you've had the past couple of seasons. So, if you can't grow it over night, you'd better come along down here and let us match you up with a good switch.

52 Switches \$1.89 54 Switches \$2.89
53 Switches \$1.89 55 Switches \$3.89
\$2 All-around Transformation, 86c.
(Hairdressing Salon, Second Floor.)

Children's Hair Cutting . . . 25c

Children's Sox 19c

Here you'll find just the goods that will stand the heavy demand made on the wear of sox by the little folks. These are the finest quality of silk-lisle and plain-lisle, made with heavy splicing, lisle sole and toe, white bottoms, with novelty colored stripe and plaid tops; also solid colored tops in plain ribbed and rolled effects. Sizes 5 to 8½. Regular 25c values, for **19c**

Housefurnishing Specials For Monday and Tuesday

PURE ALUMINUM WARE. Every piece guaranteed. Made of extra heavy sheeting.

Reg. Price. Sale Price.
6-qt. Aluminum Berlin Sauce Pans, covered, \$1.59 \$1.19
4-qt. do. \$1.29 \$1.09
11-inch Colanders (on legs) 1.29 89c
5-inch Colanders 95c 69c
Jelly Moulds, various designs 50c 35c
Flour Scoops 10c 5c
2-qt. Aluminum Percolator \$1.49 95c

\$1.65 HOUSE CLEANING COMBINATION \$1.25

15-foot Ladder 74c 1 Cotton Floor Mop 52c All
1 16-qt. Galvanized Scrub Bays 1.19 1 Can Dish Cleaner 1.25
1 5-times sewed Broom 24c 1 Can Metal Polish 1.25 for \$1.25

25c Egg Poacher
—Can also be used as a stew pan; 3-cup size 11c

Savory Roasters
Sheet Steel 79c
Enamel Steel 98c \$1.98 \$2.49

Mixed Paints and Enamels
All ready for the brush, can 10c

Combination Egg-Beater and Mayonnaise Mixer—Easy to regulate, simple to clean 25c
Combination Ladder and Kitchen Chair 25c
Made of hard, strong lumber, varnished. Regular \$1.50 value; special 95c

Miss Willie Mann Scarborough, of Wellston, Ga., and Edna Wellborn Floyd, of Birmingham, Ala., the little granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Wellborn, of Wellston, Ga.

SAVANNAH SOCIAL NEWS

Savannah, Ga., August 28.—(Special Correspondence.)—No event of the summer has been more important to the interest here as the marriage of Miss Helen Dale Dixon to Lieutenant Stephen Harrison Macgregor Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Dixon.

Macgregor is in the coast artillery corps, U. S. Army, and the Port of Spain, Trinidad, West Indies. The ceremony was held at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Dixon, at 4:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James M. Dixon.

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CARROLLTON, GA.

Professor H. B. Adams and family and Mrs. Adams have returned from a delightful vacation spent in Nashville, Tenn., and other points. They have been spending some time in Claydon and Tallulah Falls, are expected home this week.

James Bell spent last week in Atlanta. Mrs. Bell is expected home this week. Mrs. Bell is expected home this week.

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The Underworld

Remarkable Revelations of Its Secrets By One Who Has Left It



The Cohorts of Crime Laugh When an Astute Politician or Officeholder Is Impressed by a Policeman Whose Shrewdness Is Held in Deep Contempt Among the Scheming Crooks

By J. A. PETERS.

IN A previous article I stated that the underworld is composed of groups. The most dangerous group to society is that composed of those who, in the eyes of the underworld, are known as "sure thing guys." This group operates with remote chance of detection or punishment, and consists of gamblers, politicians and crooked lawyers, bondsmen and police.

I propose here to show something of the cautious or uncautious connection with the underworld of that mysterious individual, "the man higher up," by relating a true story in which T. Roosevelt figures more or less prominently.

The story starts with the time—years ago—when Roosevelt was commissioner of police of New York City, when his now well-known ability as a practical politician was first asserting itself. Teddy had given emphatic orders to the rank and file of the police department to stop at nothing in making arrests for violations of the Sunday-closing law for saloons throughout New York City. As a consequence the plain clothes men were making wholesale arrests, and many of these sleuths were reaping a veritable harvest of money as the price for failing testimony in police courts in such a way that few serious convictions were obtained. Naturally these men were "strong for" Teddy.

Goes After Politician.

There was an Irish saloon-keeper, whom we will call Adolph, who owned and operated a bannana saloon in a district infested with gamblers, crooks and prostitutes. Adolph was also a power in Tammany Hall and had never been molested in any way by the police. His saloon regularly complied with the strict letter of the closing law every day of the year, although on the corner opposite an unassuming hotel with a barroom attached, owned by "Crooked Bill," had, as the saying goes, "thrown the key away."

Early one Sunday morning while one of Adolph's bartenders and a porter were giving the place a thorough cleaning—the weekly thorough cleaning—a well-dressed, apparently sober man, evidently in great distress, clamored for some one to come to the front door.

Mike, the bartender, being a sympathetic muck, opened the door and said: "We are closed up, nothing doing."

"Say, for God's sake, listen," was the agonized appeal; "my mother is fainting around the corner. Give me a drop of brandy for her quick, will you?"

With instant sympathy, Mike ran and

Putting One Over on T. R.

JOHAN BURGULAR, a typical "bull," or police officer of simple intelligence, makes an arrest because his victim is tempted to break the law to do a kind act.

Theodore Roosevelt, then police commissioner, hears only of the arrest, summons John, beams his approval and hints at early promotion. John goes forth, plays another ancient trick on the reformers and is soon pushed up to the rank of precinct captain.

He poured out a stiff drink of the best brandy in the house and handed it to the anxious son, who quickly pressed a quarter of a dollar into the bartender's unwilling hand. "I don't want nothin' for it," protested the compassionate Mike. But the next moment he was astounded to hear, "Put on your coat and hat, boob, you are under arrest," from the pseudo son of a sick mother. "I've got the goods on you all right. Come on over and see the 'skipper' (captain)."

For the sake of euphony and facile writing we will call this detective John Burglar. A few days later John B. received orders to report to the commissioner at headquarters. Obeying, he went into the presence with weak knees, he told me afterward, but came away the size of a Zepherin, from the shoulders up. Teddy had beamed approval on him for what the

papers had called his "fearless arrest of Adolph's notorious dive—single-handed."

T. R. predicted to John B.'s blushing face that great things were in store for a man like him. "We need policemen who do their duty without fear or favor. I will keep my eye on you, John."

A few days after this took place John Burglar and Crooked Bill were chatting at 8 a. m. in the latter's hotel office, across the street from Adolph's place, screened from the curious eyes of the steady stream of women passing roomward with their escorts.

Plans a Fake "Pinch."

John Burglar, the efficient cop, was saying: "Listen, Bill, this means a lot to me. You are known to have a cast iron flag and no cop ever tries to get your place. Let me make a 'pinch' here next Sunday.

Let me take a bartender or waiter and I'll turn him out in front of Judge X. for lack of evidence. All I have to do is tell the judge I cannot swear that what I drank was beer. 'Benny the mouthpiece' (lawyer) can knock holes in my testimony. You know how easy that is. It will not cost you a cent. The papers will rip you wide open and advertise this joint and I am your friend for life."

As J. B. foretold, the newspapers ripped Crooked Bill wide open when the framed-up arrest took place, and the next day he hired two extra bartenders to take care of an increase in business. It was hot stuff. John B. was the peerless patrolman who heeded to the life of duty regardless of politics and personal danger, and as a detective he had old Nick Carter beaten "forty ways to the Jack."

Secure Place of Power.

Teddy lost no time in publicly commending such "superior" merit and John Burglar was pushed to the top of the ladder.

Comparatively speaking, the underworld saw John B. metamorphose overnight from a "chump copper" to a precinct captain reputed to be a "wise guy." So wise that any gambler or crook who wanted to do business with him feared to approach him in an ordinary man to man way.

For instance, the gambler who wanted to keep his "shop" open in the precinct where John was captain would inclose a generous amount of currency in an envelope with his own (not John's) name on it and send a trusted messenger to shove it under the locked door of the captain's room in the station house.

PUT on Your Coat and Hat, Boob, You Are Under Arrest," Said the Pseudo Son of a Sick Mother. I've Got the Goods on You All Right. Come Over and See the 'Skipper.'"

John was noted for his firm and outspoken policy in opposing dishonest plain clothes men (called ward men) in the nefarious practice of collecting money for police protection in the name of a police captain. The strange part of the transaction was that the gambler so paying for protection might not have the goods delivered. But unless he "went in" in the above described manner his shop was absolutely sure to be raided in a sensational, spectacular way by John in person.

John today is a rich man and a power in New York. He is an ardent roofer and tireless worker for the Big Stick on any platform over which it is emblazoned. John is no ingrate. I often wonder if T. R. has any idea of John Burglar's real character—probably not—because they are great friends.

It is not my purpose to insinuate anything detrimental to Mr. Roosevelt's character or to claim that he is connected with the underworld or would countenance any unlawful act. I merely wish to corroborate, out of my own knowledge and experience, the saying, "Politics makes strange bedfellows." And besides, a practical politician is not called upon to use his talents to inquire into the private character of a voter—it is hard enough to get the vote and no part of a candidate's duty to attack the morality of a voter unless the vote be cast for an opponent.

Every Corner His Office.

Some years ago, walking along C—street over on the West Side of Chicago, I met a saloon-keeper-politician whose name is Henry. "Say, Peters," said the saloon-keeper, "shake hands with Tom Lightfinger. He is a stranger in town, but I know all about him and he's O. K. Let's go in here and have a drink. Tom has a proposition that may interest you, Peters, and if not you will know somebody for him to hook up with."

There is one advantage the professional crook enjoys over a legitimate business man—he does not have to have a fixed office. Every saloon is his business office, and although it is true he pays exorbitant rent over the bar for it his consultation room is always at hand.

Lightfinger's proposition interested me because it was new to me, and I went into it with him as much out of curiosity as for the money in it. Tom was a "booster" (shoplifter) and had a cunning method by which he managed to escape detection in his operations. The following morning I

Here Is the Weird "Inside" Story of the Sudden Rise of "John Burglar," an Officer Who Found It Easy to Pull the Wool Over the Eyes of Famous Reformers and Today Is a Power in a Great City

met him and we went to a large department store.

"Now," said Tom, "you go up to the gent's clothing department. Ask the manager if he will kindly sell you a pasteboard suit box. With your manner and appearance he will probably give you one for nothing. Tell him you need the box to pack something in at home."

The manager very courteously had an empty suit box wrapped up for me, and when I rejoined Tom on the corner he chuckled, "That's the stuff. It is one of their own distinctive boxes and wrapping, so that when I go butting around the counters inside with that hinged to my side I'll look like I just bought a suit."

Going into a saloon back room, Tom took a sharp knife and made a half circle cut in the bottom of the empty box through wrapping and all, rolled the string in such a way as to leave this circular flap free in the bottom while the string on the top and sides of the box looked regular.

This box is called a "joint" by shoplifters who use it and is carried under the left arm so that no scrutiny however sharp discloses anything unusual.

"Now we are ready to go back there and work," said Lightfinger. "All you have to do, Peters, is walk ahead of me to the jewelry counter or any other where expensive goods are displayed and stall the salespeople while I fill this joint from the bottom. Use your own judgment, but don't watch me or connect with me in any way."

"All right, Tom; let's go."

\$150 in a Half Hour.

Go we did. There was no expensive jewelry accessible that day, so I went to the counter where I noticed some very expensive looking ladies' pocketbooks and handbags, studded with gold fixings, favorably exposed. The saleslady was very obliging and I was asking her if it would pay me to have my wife's purse repaired when I heard a few feet to my right a hollow sound as of something heavy falling into an empty pasteboard box. It sounded so loud to me that I wondered that the saleswoman failed to notice it, and then another and another, until I heard with some measure of relief Tom's voice asking: "Where are the safety razors sold, miss?"

"Aisle 17, to your left."

In a few minutes I was examining safety razors while Tom was busy filling the joint.

In less than half an hour we visited three counters and came away undetected with goods valued on the price tags at about \$150. The joint carefully emptied and deposited in safe keeping for another day's work, we proceeded to a second department store, where I again secured a joint with that firm's distinctive box and wrapping. Here we went through the same performance, and in short order another store was called upon and likewise robbed.

Starting to work at 11 a. m. we finished with four big stores at about 3 p. m. with a profit to each of us of a bit more than a hundred dollars after selling the stolen property to a fence.

Betrayed By Booze.

Lightfinger was expert in filling the joints, and I have seldom met a more cool operator in any line of graft. But he would not stand prosperity, and when he met me the next day at the hour appointed to go to work he was full of booze and of assurances that he worked better when he was "soaked" than when sober.

He may have been right about this, but I did not believe it and refused to go out with him. At 8 o'clock that evening Henry, the saloon-keeper, got me on the telephone and asked: "What did you do with my friend Lightfinger?"

"Nothing, Why?"

He is plucked and wants to have me get out of his house, said Henry. "Too bad," I replied, "He's a good worker. Send him in a bottle of booze."

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Secret of Success in Short Story Writing

THOSE who aspire to literary glory will find more illumination than encouragement in remarks on the subject of story writing made by Barry Pain. Mr. Pain, who has been called the "English De Maupassant," has been visiting this country, and talked of his work to a New York interviewer.

"From childhood you have been taught to concentrate," he said. "You cannot succeed in any trade unless you do so. In story writing, on the other hand, you need very pronounced mind wandering. A born story writer will take some little thing, a phrase that he hears on the street, a face that he sees in a newspaper—he will allow it to call up various ideas closely connected with it, he will let these ideas create others as his mind goes wandering on, and the result, while not always a story, sometimes is one. More often it is the beginning of a story."

"Absolute fiction does not exist, in my opinion. There is always a grain of fact at the bottom of every fable."

Like the Japanese, the author of "Stories in Grey" works backward, creating the scenes and actions of his stories from the bottom up. He puts his characters together and lets them take care of themselves. The result is the plot; the result of the plot is the story.

"If you begin with the plot, particularly if it is elaborate," he explained, "your characters will very quickly do something for the sake of the plot alone. They will make some false step that nothing would compel them to make in real life. On the other hand, if they create their own plot they cannot fail to be consistent, and the plot itself rings true."

"In my own experience I have had many curious cases of plot formation from the action of my characters," he continued.

"On one occasion I had agreed to write a story for the first number of a magazine and to send the title to the editor in time for the table of contents. I promptly forgot the matter and peacefully went my way. Long after, when walking on the street, I passed two men who were talking loudly, and I happened to overhear the words, 'the kindness of the Celestial.'"

"At first I thought I had heard wrong. The phrase had no meaning for me, until I suddenly remembered that the Chinese are sometimes spoken of as celestialists. That trifling fact associated itself in my mind with the memory of a boy who went to school with me. He was given a Chinese nickname on account of his appearance."

"Thinking of the boy recalled a school-master who hated me almost as much as I hated him. I thought, too, that, considering the manner in which I had treated

him, it was not surprising that he hated me. I then made up my mind to write a story about a boy who desired to treat with the utmost kindness a master whom he had regarded as an enemy. Naturally the boy would be whimsical to carry out such an idea. Still more naturally, all his attempts at kindness toward the master would result in comic disaster to himself."

"Half an hour later I met my editor. 'You never sent me the title that you promised,' he said menacingly. 'What?' I exclaimed as innocently as I could. 'I thought it had been mailed to you weeks ago. It is 'The Kindness of the Celestial.' The editor was mystified, but pleased; the story itself was born."

Writers of stories are not made, in Mr. Pain's opinion, but the incident of being born a story teller does not mean that you can spin romance without some knowledge of your craft.

Daring Escapades of the "Jesse James of the East"

N the floor of a cell, with a small window through which any but he could see twenty miles of the beautiful Champlain Valley, a stalwart man sat hunched up on a mattress, rocking to and fro in a manner almost as abnormal as the blanket he wore. Over his sightless eyes was a bandage. It is always that, as if to shut out the light that never comes. He paused and raised his head as we entered.

"Perry, here's a friend of yours," said Dr. C. H. North, medical superintendent.

"How are you, Perry?" greeted the visitor. The man in the blanket wrinkled his brow a moment.

"Why, how are you [calling the correct name]? But I want to tell you, now, that you don't tell the truth."

The scene was the State Hospital for the Insane at Dannemora, N. Y. The man with the bandage over his eyes was Oliver Curtis Perry, perhaps the most daring bandit ever known in the State of New York. The visitor had not seen him for eight years. In all that time there had been no communication with him, and yet, from the voice, the notorious highwayman remembered him and, after just four words had been spoken, called him by name.

That is only one of several things which made the visit to the blind insane bandit remarkable. His wonderful memory is but one of several things which put him in a class by himself. He is blind as a bat. He destroyed his own sight. He is classed as an incurable paranoiac, yet he has a mind which is a perpetual puzzle to the physicians who have been studying him for years.

In another cell with a pleasant outlook and touches which gave it a homelike appearance sat an elderly man poring over a book which had been worn thin from constant fingering. As his visitors entered he arose most decorously, extended his hand, and after apologizing for his lack of comforts for guests, asked about some of the actors who were prominent thirty and forty years ago.

"I suppose Billy Mould's place and Thel's are all gone by this time," he said, sadly.

"Yes, they are," was the reply.

"Well, do any of the old crowd still hang around the St. Denis, the Morton House and the Ashland?"

As he spoke the aged man carefully wrapped his much thumbed book in paper after paper and tenderly placed it in its accustomed place in a corner. The prisoner was James M. Dougherty, central figure in one of the most sensational murders in the New York of a generation ago; the man who followed Mary Anderson around the world and jumped into the front pages of all the newspapers of the country by leaping out of a box in the Fourteenth Street Theatre and rescuing the famous actress from the clutches of a stage villain. Dougherty is the humorist of the prison. He is as harmless as a house cat—while he is imprisoned. He is, like Perry, one of the puzzles of the medical profession, one of the most interesting—from a scientific viewpoint—paranoiacs in the world, or at least in prison.

There are many hundred insane prisoners in Dannemora. There are murderers of every degree. There are men who are harmless as children and others who await only an averted glance to commit another murder. From all the prisons of the State the insane are transferred to Dannemora, and there they remain, with very rare exceptions, till they die.

Of these all Perry and Dougherty are by far the most interesting. To the casual visitor they give no evidence of mental unbalance. In fact, it is only the expert in mental diseases who can recognize their symptoms of unsteadiness. Both are paranoiacs. Both have been studied by the insanity experts of many countries. Both have their photographs in standard books on paranoiacs. Both are pointed to as exaggerated yet perfect types of the paranoiac.

It is perfectly safe to say that nearly every one who remembers the exploits of the two men believe them to be dead. They belong—especially Dougherty—to another generation. Their escapades are traced in the memories of people of a past generation. However, they are not only alive, but they are well. And one of the most astonishing things about them is the condition of their health. Each is as sound as a dollar. Perry at forty-seven is a veritable giant in strength and stature, with the promise of a life which may take him into the century class. Dougherty at sixty-five is as sturdy as an oak, and physicians see no reason why he shall not live to round out a century also. Perry is what might be called a "crack" on fresh air and exercise. Dougherty just lives. Perry worries. Dougherty doesn't.

In many ways the two men present an interesting and mystifying antithesis. In every way they furnish a constant source of information for the physician. Neither expects any to be released. Neither apparently wants to be released, although both talk frequently about it.

The author of this article was permitted recently to see both men and to talk with them. He had seen Perry before—in 1907—and at that time partly agreed to tell about alleged food riots which Perry described. He did not do so, and to that fact may be ascribed Perry's opening remark.

"You don't tell the truth."

Perry now weighs about 200 pounds and is powerful enough, the keepers say, to tear an ordinary man limb from limb if he were so disposed. Blind as a bat and self-contained, he talks but seldom with the other prisoners and speaks practically all his time in his own cell, protected from the air only by a suit of underwear and his Indian blanket, which he wears like a toga. He has not worn clothes for twenty years. He says the prison tailor cannot fit him, and he always was aesthetic. For six years he did not eat. He said the food was unfit for human consumption. Yet he permitted the physicians to feed him through a tube, and on the diet he grew to be the perfect physical specimen he still is. He is a brilliant talker. He writes with fluency and dashes off—in his mind—rhymes which come very close to being poetry.

"I have written an acrostic," he said when the writer talked with him, "which spells 'Honorable Governor Whitman,' and I would let you have it to print only you lied to me when you said you would write about the food riots and didn't. Anyhow, I will recite it because I think it is pretty good."

good, but I shall speak it so fast that you can't take it down."

He spoke it too fast, indeed, for transcription, but not so fast as to conceal some of its splendid phrases. He has no notes of it. Like everything else, he carries it in his mind. He has written scores of verses and he never forgets them. The talks of philosophy, of psychology, of mental derangement, in a way which causes the physicians to marvel. He argues with a skill and comprehension which are amazing. Yet he is in Dannemora because he is insane, and there he will remain, because the physicians say he is one of the most remarkably developed paranoiacs they have ever seen.

His mania is and always has been that he is being persecuted. So determined is he in his beliefs and set in his opinion that nothing can change him. The physicians say that rather than give way he would stand any conceivable bodily torture.

Many will recall the exploits of Perry. He was the Tracy of the East. He colored his acts with sen-

sations ago. Since that time it is said he has not been able to distinguish even the most glaring sunlight. He is stone blind. He told the writer once that he put out his eyes because he thought this perhaps he might be liberated, inasmuch as he would certainly be harmless.

"I had another object," he said. "I thought my sister might come to see me. No one ever did come to the prison. She didn't come after all, and so I am blind without accomplishing anything. But I guess it doesn't matter."

Two years ago, after his remarkable abstinence from solid food, Perry started to eat. He gets all he wishes. During the several years when he refused to eat the physicians observed him closely and to their surprise found that his physical condition remained perfect. He gave no reason for refusing to eat except that the food didn't suit him.

Perry is easily the hero of the institution. His record is known to all of the inmates who are able to comprehend anything. To them he is Jesse James

reborn, was appearing. It came to be a matter of general talk. Wherever he went, whether it was in Europe, Australia or on the Pacific coast, "Jim" Dougherty was to be seen also. He was always quiet and deferential, and for months made no advances. Ultimately, however, he intruded himself upon her and it was necessary for her to complain to the police. Dougherty modestly said he was in love with the actress and that he intended her no harm.

The climax came in the Fourteenth Street Theatre on November 15, 1888. Just as the actress was about to be attacked by the villain in the play Dougherty, clad in evening clothes, jumped from a stage box and, with a revolver in either hand, commanded the villain to desist. Inspector Byrnes arrested Dougherty and he was sent to the Flatbush asylum. While there he developed the mania that there was a plot on the part of the physicians to ridicule him and he frequently said that some day he would kill them all. There were seventeen physicians and internes on his list. One day he escaped. The police could get no

however, that there had been only one victim of Dougherty's wild mania. He was convicted of murder in the first degree and was committed to Sing Sing Prison for life. This was in 1892. From there, a few years later, he was transferred as a hopeless paranoiac to Mattewan, from which he tried to escape, and a few years ago was sent to Dannemora, where he expects to make his home for the rest of his life.

A murderer at heart when at liberty, he was transformed as a convict into the meekest, most affable and most amiable person imaginable. For a few years he occasionally spoke of the other physicians whom he had intended to kill; he talked of getting out to avenge himself on the men who had driven him, as he said, to murder. But gradually he settled into a satisfied state and during the last twenty years or so has developed a sort of humorous philosophy which gives much amusement. Like Perry, he gives not the slightest evidence of insanity. He has no "gronch." He does not blame any one for his failure in life. He might easily roam at large anywhere without betraying his real mental condition. He can think not only coherently but logically and profoundly. He can focus his mind on the most abstruse problems and solve them with a skill and an accuracy which are nothing short of marvellous. It is only on the one subject—that of his first and only love affair—that he loses himself, and were it not so impossible there would be little in his delusion to indicate to the average mind that he is insane. He is to-day just as much in love as ever, although he never knew the woman on whom he centered his insane affections, has never heard from her and has been behind bars now for almost thirty years. After he gets well enough acquainted with one he will go to the corner of his cell—it is really a bedroom—take out the package which he so carefully wrapped in four covers of paper and replay the worn, thumbed volume. He has had it for ten years and reads it frequently.

"It is her memoirs," he says, and it is. "You see, I have written on the sides. That is my interpretation of her thoughts. The book was written for me, but, of course, no one knew it. Some day I shall have it printed with my interpolations. No, I have never heard from any one since I've been in here. I'm an old man now. They say I'm a paranoiac, whatever that may be. I have my own notions about that. The truth is, half the people in here are sane. They have some little peculiarity which is interpreted by the scientists as insanity. But it isn't, except in a few cases. Still, the law believes the scientists and we have to accept the law. I don't object. They feed me well enough, and perhaps some day they'll let me go out and look New York city over. It's a long time now since I've seen it, and I understand it has changed a great deal. Fourteenth street was the center of things in my day."

"Would you behave yourself if you were set free?" was asked.

Dougherty smiled. "It really doesn't make any difference whether I would or not. I wouldn't get out, anyhow. But I wouldn't hurt any one now. I used to think there was a conspiracy on the part of the physicians to ridicule me and to keep me in the institution, but I know now there was no such thing. I've no hard feeling for any one."

The man's eyes wandered for a moment and a changed expression came into them.

"Anyhow, I suppose they're all dead by this time," he said, with a touch of grim regret.

The opinion of the physicians is that if Perry were free he would become an exhorter or evangelist, and that if Dougherty were liberated he would cunningly set about finding such of the seventeen physicians and internes as are still alive and attend to them one at a time, until he was sent back to an institution.

PAINTING OF BLACKFOOT INDIANS FOR MUSEUM

R. EDWIN WILLARD DEMING, an adopted member of the Blackfoot tribe of Indians, is finishing the first of a series of eight mural paintings of the plains Indians of the United States which will decorate the Room of the Plains at the American Museum of Natural History, Central Park West and Seventy-seventh street, New York.

This first picture presents the artist's own tribe, the Blackfoot, as they looked before the white man's coming at their ancient camping place at St. Mary's Lakes, now in Glacier Park, Mont., at the foot of Singletown Mountain. This is the same scene in which they were painted in 1823 by Bodmer, who was a member of the Prince de Wied's expedition and who made the illustrations for the explorer's book.

In the foreground of the picture is a procession on horseback of Blackfoot Indians on their way to visit the neighboring tribe of Grosventers. The next picture which Mr. Deming will paint, and which will adorn this on the walls, will show the head of this procession reaching the camping place of the Grosventers and being welcomed by them. Every detail of the costumes and accoutrements will be historically correct, as the artist has spent a lifetime studying the American Indians.

Other pictures to follow will show the Sioux, among whom Mr. Deming spent many years; the Crow, the Cheyennes, the Pawnee, the Arapahoes and the Mandans, in each instance depicting the tribe in its historic camping place. "Mr. and Mrs. Deming and their seven children who are legally members of the Blackfoot tribe, spent last summer at their residence making the final studies for the first picture of the series. The tribe held a council and voted to let Mr. Deming record all their heretofore guarded rites and also their sign language. They went through all their ancient ceremonies, which the artist recorded by means of his moving picture camera."

Besides its historic value, the painting is in Mr. Deming's best style and is a thing of beauty. The light is very brilliant, but is relieved by the manner in which the artist has caught its vibrations. In the background, in picturesque grandeur, are the mountains, with the yellow and red strata of rock, while their sides are brilliant with the autumn colors of the quaking aspen, cedar, larch and spruce, interspersed with the deeper olive green of the lodge pole pines.

Perry Robbed an Express Car Running at High Speed.

ionalism which must have aroused envy along the frontiers of the West and set examples for many a mining camp. He was born in Amsterdam, N. Y. At fourteen he was a burglar. At eighteen he was a brilliant youth, but dangerous. A little later he was in prison in Stillwater, Minn., and there, it is assumed, he got inspiration from the records of the James boys. In 1891 he committed an express robbery on the New York Central Railroad, near Syracuse. He sawed a panel from a door, picked the lock and stole about five thousand dollars.

Encouraged by his success in the first job, he committed a second one in February, 1892. It was this one which startled the State and subsequently made Perry the hero of a dozen or more dime novels. Going aboard an express train at Syracuse, he climbed on the roof, and while the train was dashing along at sixty miles an hour he swung a rope over the roof, fastening it to the eave on one side, and let himself down on the other. With a revolver he smashed the glass in the door and while still going at a mile a minute reached through the glass and commanded the two messengers to hold up their hands and unlock the door. This they did.

Perry looted the safe while the messengers, one of them having been shot and severely injured, lay in a corner. He then detached the express car and those back of it and after the cars came to a stop backed away, covering with a six shooter the other trainmen who had been alarmed. A pursuit which required columns to tell about then followed. Perry got on a locomotive and backed and filled while officers in another locomotive passed him. Shots were exchanged as the huge engines passed each other. Perry was finally caught and sent to Auburn Prison for forty-nine years.

He escaped twice. In Mattewan he rigged up a device to let needle pointed weights drop into his eyes. The sight was almost destroyed. A short time later he finished the job of ruining his sight by rubbing ground glass into them. That was eighteen

and all the rest of the bad men squeezed into one. They admire him in a manner understood only by those familiar with the premium criminals place upon daring and darddevil escapades. And then he is the hero of their story books. As youths they read of his train robberies and other escapades in the Nick Carter which formed the classics of their school days.

The physicians have tried all manner of discipline, mixed with kindness, tolerance, severity and coaxing, to get Perry to live as other men do and help lighten the long hours of his incarceration, but he is unending. He says he will never wear clothes, and he probably will not. He exercises for two hours a day in his cell. During the period, whether it be winter days or summer, he keeps his window wide open and thus fills his lungs with the finest of pure air. To this, in large measure, he owes his splendid physical condition.

Perry and Dougherty never meet. They know each other. They say they understand each other. But where Perry is surly and solemn Dougherty is literally the sunshine of his end of the grim gray prison. He was born in Hornsbyville, N. Y., and when still young went West and made a modest fortune as a miner. Then he returned East and went to work in the "Gather Bureau" in Washington. He was an expert electrician, a chemist and a student of many things. So far as any one knew, in his younger days he was perfectly sane. He was a regular Beau Brummel, and in the early eighties was a familiar figure in the restaurants around Fourteenth street and University place, New York city, which then corresponded to the present Broadway and Forty-second street.

He first burst into public notice about 1857, when it was observed that he was to be seen wherever Mary Anderson, who was then in the heyday of her

trance of him. His homicidal mania was understood and the physicians were in terror.

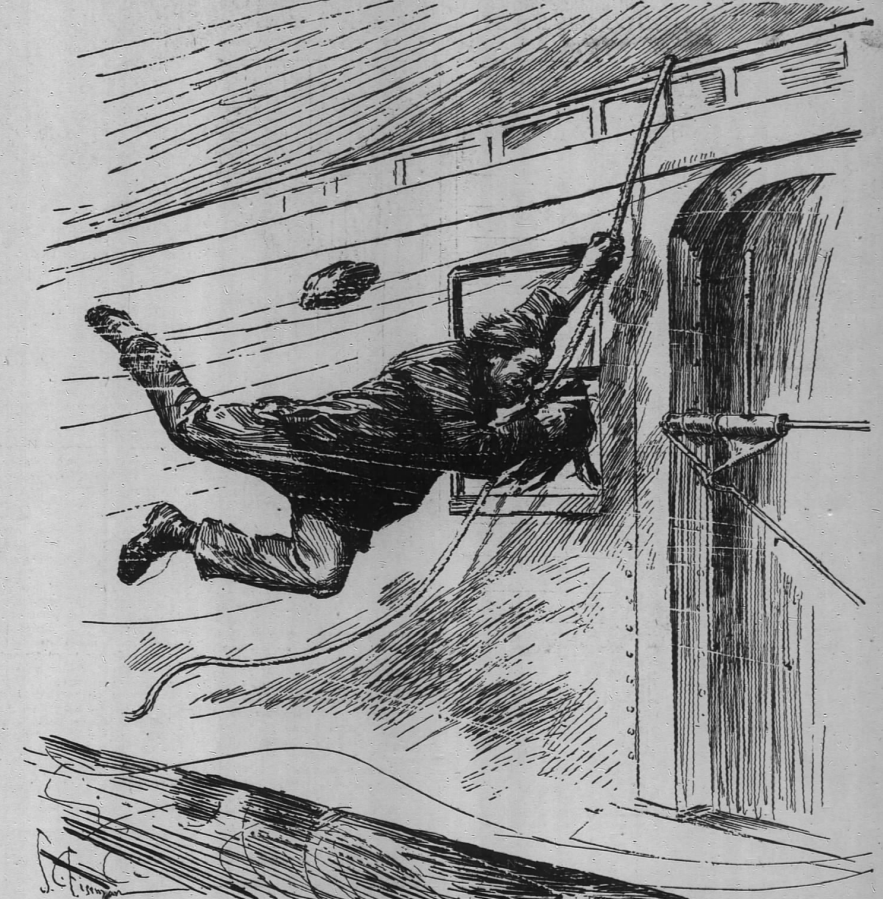
One evening a tall, handsome man, wearing a black cape coat, silk hat, cane and gloves, appeared unexpectedly in the office of the Flatbush asylum. At a desk sat Dr. Lloyd, a well known alienist, and a clerk. They looked up and shrank with horror as they recognized Dougherty. He had appeared magnificently and there was calmness in his manner and milder in his eye. Dr. Lloyd palavered.

"I came to see Dr. Osgood and the rest of them as well as yourself," said the maniac.

Dr. Lloyd said he would go for Dr. Osgood, but Dougherty enjoined him to remain where he was.

"But you may go," he said to the clerk.

As the clerk went out Dougherty deliberately removed his coat and hat, slipped off his gloves and rested his cane against a table. Dr. Lloyd dared not move, although it was assumed he knew full well that his visitor intended to harm him. Presently Dougherty took a revolver from each coat pocket. One he laid down, the other he cocked. Dr. Lloyd tried to argue with him, but Dougherty took quick aim and sent three bullets into the physician's head, killing him where he stood. Then, as calmly putting on his coat, hat and gloves, he left the office and went over to a corner and got on a car bound for Brooklyn Bridge. An employe who followed him pointed him out to a policeman at the bridge and Dougherty was locked up in the Oak street station. The city was shocked. It was considered fortunate,



ROBS CASH REGISTER AND THEN ESCAPES, DESPITE HOT CHASE

The L. W. Rogers grocery store at 18 Forsyth street was robbed of about \$50 at 7:15 o'clock Saturday night when an unknown negro went to the cash register in the front of the store and before anyone could stop him, snatched a roll of bills and dashed down the Forsyth street viaduct steps. According to T. P. Thompson, manager of the store, he and the clerks had

noticed the negro hanging around the front door all Saturday afternoon. Mr. Thompson stated that he was not to suppose and on returning saw a crowd of people chasing the negro down the street. Up until a late hour Saturday night he had not been captured.

SECRETARY YANCEY IS BACK FROM VACATION

Captain Goodloe Yancey, secretary of the state prison commission, who has been on his vacation, returned Saturday morning from his trip to the coast. He was vacationing at Dillard, Ga., as he said, "eating fried chicken and drinking buttermilk."

UGH! CALOMEL IS HORRIBLE! IT SHOCKS YOUR LIVER, IF BILIOUS

Calomel sickens! Don't lose a day's work! Clean your Liver and Bowels with "Dodson's Liver Tone."

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. It's horrible! Take a dose of the dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work. Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bowels. Calomel, when it comes into contact with your bile creates into it breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are sluggish and "knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. It will clean your system and make you feel like a new man. Here's my guarantee—do to any drug store and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoon-

ful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous, I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is a real liver medicine, entirely vegetable, therefore it cannot sicken or make you sick. I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will clean your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system. It will make you feel like a new man. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless, doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.

Bergstrom & Co., Agents INSURANCE 1219 EMPIRE BUILDING

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months Ending June 30, 1915, of the condition of the

STANDARD FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF HARTFORD

organized under the laws of the State of Connecticut, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia in pursuance of the laws of said State.

Principal Office—19 Aylwin Street, Hartford, Conn.

I. CAPITAL STOCK \$1,000,000.00

II. ASSETS

1. Whole Amount of Capital Stock \$1,000,000.00

2. Amount Paid up in Cash \$750,000.00

3. Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value \$1,627,827.14

III. LIABILITIES

14. Total Liabilities \$1,627,827.14

IV. INCOME DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1915

15. Total Income actually received during the first six months \$459,176.14

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1915

16. Total Expenditures during the first six months of the year \$456,456.00

17. Greatest amount insured in any one risk \$500,000.00

18. Total amount of insurance outstanding \$1,135,951,949.00

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, COUNTY OF HARTFORD—Personally appeared before the undersigned, H. B. Anthony, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the secretary of the Standard Fire Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

H. B. ANTHONY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 23rd day of July, 1915.

Notary Public, My Commission Expires February 1, 1917.

Name of State—H. B. ANTHONY.

Name of Agent at Atlanta—BERGSTROM & CO.

Former G. M. A. Cadet Talks To Forty Million People Each Week in the Movies

Ten years ago there came to the Georgia Military Academy, at College Park, from Sparks, Ga., a timid country lad by the name of James Elliott. His daily creed was:

"Work is Life, and Good."

"Work is Good Life!"

On the strength of that philosophy this timid lad developed unusual powers of observation, displaying a keen intellect and a quickness to interpret every phase of instruction and canvas activity while a cadet at Georgia Mil-

itary academy, the result of which was that his fellow-students honored him with the position of critic on the editorial staff of "The Gamble," the school annual. Probably the sweetest contribution he ever made to the literary world was a noble tribute to his widowed mother, which appeared in an issue of "The Gamble."

Achieves Success at 25.

Since leaving school this Georgia lad has attained remarkable success, and although only 25 years old, he is also known as "Elliott Withers," writer of "Man Messages," and other works. A booklet called "Salesmanship—An Artistic Science."

Over 150 big manufacturing concerns throughout the nation weekly distribute to 100,000 salesmen his philosophical "quills," contained in the weekly issue of "Man Messages."

His greatest success, though, has just been attained. A few days ago Mr. Elliott, who now lives in Rochester, N. Y., signed a contract with the Universal Motion Picture company, of that city, which will bring his face and his work before forty million people every week.

He has contracted to furnish the picture company with short plays and snappy "talks" based on the theory of "Man Messages," dealing with every phase of life. The material will be filmed under the title of "Man Messages," and will be illustrated by appropriate motion pictures to make up a

Film Talks for Fifty-two Weeks.

Each talk of the picture actor will be divided into sections of a few lines

each, which will be thrown onto the screen successively and acted out by the Universal players as the action of the lines proceeds. Elliott's contract covers a period of fifty-two weeks with the privilege of renewal, his first "talk" will be released on October 1 and one new subject each week thereafter will be shown in 15,000 picture houses throughout the United States and many others in Canada and abroad.

The Universal company intends to make Mr. Elliott's talks one of the big features in a campaign of inspirational moral uplift, which it is launching through the medium of the picture screen.

Elliott, since leaving G. M. A., has been in every state of the Union. Soon after entering a business career he became assistant sales manager of the G. N. Todd Photodupraph company, of Rochester, N. Y., one of his special duties being also, the editing of their paper known as "The Master Salesman." For the past year, though, Mr. Elliott has given his time almost exclusively to the editing of "Man Messages" and other popular works, and hereafter will give his time to the motion picture world.

J. B. FALLAIZE LEAVES
ON TRIP TO NEW YORK

J. B. Fallaize, president of the linen store, left the city Saturday for a trip to New York, where he will pick up some of the latest goods in the stock, but will also arrange to fill in his stock, thus guaranteeing to his customers the usual up-to-date and complete line for the well-known Broad street house.

This is going to be a great linen season. "The general public is convinced that linens are scarce, and will be more so. Prices have advanced, and still are advancing, and on account of scarcity will still go higher. The household linen part of our business has been fine the last two months, and we look forward to the future for still further good business."

"We are covered on our fall line, but I am going to market to look into things, and will be more so. Prices to be made and then look into next spring's merchandise. Most of our lines must be bought in advance to get what we want."

In speaking of his location at the corner of Broad and Alabama streets, Mr. Fallaize said that "I think this corner is the real center of Atlanta. We have more cars passing our doors than any Whitehall street concern, and we feel that in the future Broad street will be a crowded thoroughfare."

HOME-COMING SERVICES
AT RADCLIFFE CHURCH

Home-coming services will be held at the Radcliffe Memorial church today and Monday, Dr. P. O'Connell, of the Christian Theological seminary, will preach at 11 o'clock Sunday morning.

Rev. G. C. Elliott, pastor of the North Avenue Presbyterian church, and Dr. Martin Scott, will be the speakers at a platform meeting at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. In the evening at 8 o'clock there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. Milton Thompson. There will be special music at all these meetings. A final reception Monday evening will complete the reunion services. A splendid program has been arranged by the children.

SUFFRAGE SCHOOL WILL
OPEN ON SEPTEMBER 1

The fall session of the suffrage school will be opened on September 1 at the Hotel Atlanta by the Atlanta Equal Suffrage association.

Attorney Blair Foster will give the opening address at 7:30 p.m. His subject will be "Contracts."

PERIODICALS BY MILTON KOPPEL

It is one of Atlanta's youngest police officers who guards nightly \$50,000 of gold and silver deposits in the vaults of the Atlanta Federal Reserve bank, on the floor building.

His name is Jack Malcomb, and, despite his years, when Joseph A. McLeod, head of the Atlanta Federal Reserve bank, called upon the officials of the Atlanta police force to supply him with a safe and courageous officer, Jack Malcomb was selected because he had



Photo by Price. JACK MALCOMB.

on many occasions distinguished himself for bravery.

Malcomb is the best known of officers on the force.

Police Matron Mary Bohndorf is now seriously ill. She is, however, in good hands, being at the home of a daughter on a little farm near Marietta, Ga.

The many friends of Matron Bohndorf will anxiously wish for her recovery.

Hundreds of wayward girls have been aided by Matron Bohndorf. She has taken up a "bat collection" of many girls with which she has purchased them railroad transportation to Cincinnati, Ohio, where the matron gets them a temporary home in the Home of the Good Shepherd, where they have to make an honorable living. Often the first dollar to such "bat collections" is given by Mr. Bohndorf.

Sergeant G. C. Bullard, who has for the past few months been station sergeant at police headquarters, has again been placed on patrol. His place there has been filled by Sergeant J. A. Hotcombe, who has been doing clerical work in the chief's office.

Call Officer Walter McWilliams has been made a plain clothes officer on headquarters duty.

Officer McWilliams better known as "Mack" to his friends, has formerly of the "bugler catching team." Austin and McWilliams, who has been doing clerical work in the chief's office, is still on call.

Assistant Chief E. H. Jett was absent from headquarters Wednesday. Chief Jett did not say exactly where he was, but it was known that he was out on a fishing trip to Bull Shoals near Russell, Wednesday. The trip was made in automobiles. Prisoners were brought back by the members of the party, but none of the party were boasting of their skill. It was rumored at headquarters Thursday night that the fish were not caught by Atlanta guards of the law.

With one patrol wagon and one call officer "itinerant" in the repair shop, headquarters has been handicapped in handling prisoners during the past several days.

It is needless to say, though, that every day when a car is in the shop, the municipal hotel could do so.

Children Frightened
By Mysterious Man
In Ponce de Leon Park

W. W. Dudley, of 139 Ponce de Leon avenue, notified Chief of Police Mayo Saturday morning that he wanted police officers to watch out for a mysterious man who is frightening his children when they are playing in Ponce de Leon park.

He reports that an unkempt and much bewhiskered individual has been loafing around there several days and that his appearance is so terrifying to the children of the neighborhood that they will not play there.

The man, so far as can be learned, has harmed no one in that locality.

MR. AND MRS. TURMAN
ON TRIP TO ROME

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Turman went to Rome Saturday afternoon to attend a reception given Judge Brannan by Judge Malcomb. This being the anniversary of Judge Brannan's birthday, it is considered remarkable by his friends that he still continues in the active practice of law, having lived a number of years represented one of the railroads in the county.

Judge Brannan is a cousin of R. B. Turman. Mr. and Mrs. Turman will spend a short while in Cartersville, returning to Atlanta Monday.

REV. SAM SMALL WILL
SPEAK HERE SEPT. 5

Rev. Sam Small, of Washington, D. C., will come to Atlanta this week on the Georgia coast. He will speak Sunday, September 5, at the First Baptist church.

At Atlantic City, N. J., last month Rev. Small was one of the speakers at a nine thousand people who were in attendance upon the annual convention of the prohibition forces. Out of more than one hundred addresses, his speech was pronounced the strongest and most effective.

Mr. Small has hundreds of friends in Atlanta who will be glad to have the opportunity of hearing him.

DR. PURSER TO RESUME
SERVICES AT WEST END

Dr. John F. Purser, pastor of the West End Baptist church, has returned from his vacation trip to the Gulf coast both this morning and tonight. The good public is cordially invited to attend both services.

What Ails Atlanta?

Pee-wee politicians—
Renfro, for instance—
Pee-wees are small matters—
And Renfro is a small matter—
The real things are the
Jim-Jims.
And what the Jim-Jims stand for
It's no use to say what that is—
The public knows.

Atlanta's Past Was Glorious

Such men as
John L. Hopkins—
Henry W. Grady—
Samuel M. Inman—
E. P. Chamberlin—
The Rawsons—
Stood for clean things.
The city grew—
Her name was honored.

There are men here now who stand for noble things.

They are trying to found universities;
They want a clean city.

But the majority of the Police Board
Do not represent the citizenry of Atlanta—

Did not assassinate Beavers to make a clean city—
Did not honor the name of Atlanta.

Atlanta Has Reached a Crisis

It is the parting of the ways—
There is too much lawlessness—
Too much toleration of vice—
Too many who wish to make money out of it.
The Greeks ostracised Aristides—
Because he was just—
The Ephesians drove away Paul—
He interfered with business.
And the Police Commissioners lynched Beavers—
To help business.

WHAT BUSINESS?

WHOSE BUSINESS?

There Is a "System" in Atlanta

These men rely on it—
There is too much "invisible government"—
Too much financial intimidation—
Too much economic coercion—
Too much "public be damned."
But the public are not intimidated—
Brazell was not afraid—
Hendon was not afraid—
Thousands of others are not afraid.
Thousands have signed for the recall.

Sign

Smash the system—
Redeem Atlanta—
Set her in the old paths—
Those paths are peace—
And honor—
And prosperity.

Councilman J. N. Renfro advertises a "solemn promise" to publish the names of signers of the Recall petitions.

"Let the people rule. Public officeholders should be public servants—not bosses."
"H. C. BLAKE."

"They can publish my name as often as they want to. You can publish my name if you see fit. I try never to be ashamed to allow the world to know how I stand."
"C. A. STEAD."

"Do not care if my name is published."
"JAMES W. AUSTIN."

RECALL HEADQUARTERS
706 Silvey Building

I Will Pay You 10½ Cents A Pound for Your Cotton

I BELIEVE that cotton will be worth 10 cents a pound in 30 days. Am so confident of this that I will allow all of our customers 10½ cents a pound in trade for all cotton (middling) that they ship us.

The freight must be prepaid to Atlanta, or some other point in Georgia that we may name.

Write me before shipping the cotton.

RANDOLPH ROSE

PRESIDENT

R. M. ROSE COMPANY

The Old Reliable Distillers

CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE :: JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

"Ask The Revenue Officer"

Four Quality Brands

ROSE'S LONE PINE, clear, white, sparkling, full strength. "It tastes like Corn Whiskey used to taste."

\$3.00 FOR FOUR FULL QUARTS EXPRESS PREPAID.

ROSE'S PURITY, the South's standard for 50 years for medicinal use.

\$4.00 FOR FOUR FULL QUARTS EXPRESS PREPAID.

Why drink fiery, chemical, "Chain Lightning" when you can get ROSE'S PURE, RICH, MELLOW DISTILLED Whiskies?
All of ROSE'S Whiskies are distilled in our Registered Distillery No. 33, Sixth District of Kentucky, and are ABSOLUTELY PURE and of the FINEST QUALITY.

I ALWAYS DO WHAT I SAY I WILL DO

RANDOLPH ROSE, of Chattanooga

ROSE'S OLD WOODBUFF RYE, Kentucky Whiskey. This is one of the most popular sellers in the South today, on account of its quality and purity.

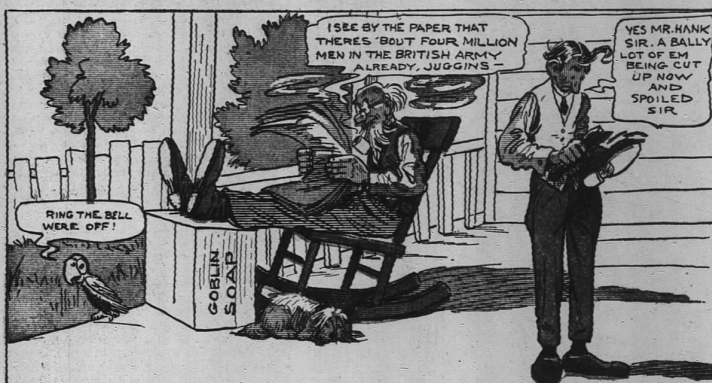
\$3.00 FOR FOUR FULL QUARTS EXPRESS PREPAID.

ROSE'S famous FOREFATHER CORN, the oldest and best Corn Whiskey on the market today.

\$4.00 FOR FOUR FULL QUARTS EXPRESS PREPAID.



HANK AND HIS ANIMAL FRIENDS By Walt McDougall



FLAGG'S GREATEST DRAWINGS



JAMES MONTGOMERY FLAGG

(Copyright by James Montgomery Flagg)

IN THE PATH OF WASHINGTON

By Henry P. Moore

With his operation well under way at Savannah, the great and good General James Oglethorpe, founder of the colony of Georgia, ascended the Savannah river and established an Indian trading post at the foot of the falls and called it Augusta, in honor of a royal princess.

After this, his first important trip was to cut a road through the impenetrable swamps and boundless forests that lined that winding strait, in order to have land communication between Augusta and the seacoast.

That road was destined to become the path of Washington when that immortal personage visited Georgia after the revolution and made his progress from Savannah to Augusta. It now forms a link in the national highway, which is extensively used by New York-to-Florida tourists as well as by those from hither and yon.

The road which Oglethorpe built and Washington traveled lay through a wild region, covered with primeval forests, with lofty hills to climb and a succession of long inclines and deep ravines. And while the modern engineer has not succeeded in improving on the route, the modern mechanism of the automobile has wrought a marvelous change in cutting down the miles and filling up the valleys to smooth out the wrinkles in the boom of mother earth and preparing the way for the new mode of locomotion.

Fancy the shade of Washington coming down the pike in a speeding automobile! Washington was the great constructive force that planned, formed and set going the American republic, a model for all the nations of the earth and for all ages. The advent of the motor car as the great impelling force that has reanimated the art of road-building and stimulated the construction of highways throughout the world. Both Washington and the motor car are powerful agencies for the promotion of civilization.

It was early June, the time of June brides, sweet girl graduates and picnics and barbecues, and the grand climatic and climate of all plant growth and vegetation. In this merry month the beautiful leaves of the forest attain their greatest size and luxuriance and the flowers are brightest and gayest. This is the month when wheat and oats are harvested and when the little folks love to go hunting in the grain fields for partridges and quails. What goes when they find the nest filled with pretty, white eggs and Bob White and his mate sitting on an old black stump nearby? And when the eggs are taken, the hen in triumph croaked—oh, so nice! June was named in honor of Juno, queen of the heavens and twin sister of Jupiter, the greatest of all the mythological dieties. By gemini, gentle June, you are a holy-heck!

Roads Fine in Richmond. The roads are fine in Richmond, county and admirable in Burke also. Over their smooth surface we sped like an arrow, under southern skies of the deepest blue and with the air as soft as that of the Italian Riviera patting our cheeks. I made the trip once before

with Hon. Julian Smith, but now for another! Our machine carried four persons, Dandy and Julian Lyons, Charlie Sanford and your humble servant. Swiftly, we passed Jake Philmy's elegant country seat, surrounded by thousands of broad, well-tended acres, and with palatial embellishments.

Next we whirled by the very tree, a giant oak, that the Father of His Country waited under for the deputation of Augusta gentlemen on horseback to escort him into the city. It stands on the left of the National highway just in front of the old Twigg house.

If the Daughters of the American Revolution are in funds, they might put a small part of their substance to a good use in caring for and preserving this historic relic of the colonial period.

Many beautiful streams are crossed. Double Branches, Butler's creek, McLean and Briar creeks, the last of which the great Washington must have regarded with especial interest, as in his banks was fought one of the great battles for the possession of Georgia. The remains of the fortifications are still to be seen near Mill Haven.

A Lovely Mansion. Midway between Green's Cut and McLean is situated Mr. Lyon's magnificent Burke county plantation of 1,700 acres, and here we digressed about half a mile from the "big road." The home-land is a perfect type of the old colonial style that has been such a favorite throughout the south.

It is situated on a lovely eminence, in a classic grove of patriarchal oaks. Fertile fields surround the house and slope away in vivid green as far as the eye can reach. On the hill, the house settling the house stands like a Greek temple, with wide portico and fluted columns, the personification of dignity, comfort and ease.

The lands about this place are as fine as any in the south. You know, for a long time was the banner county of the cotton belt. This was before their territory was reduced by cutting off Jefferson and Jenkins.

The crops on it are superb. Oats and wheat have been harvested with a fine yield and the land from which they were taken has been sown in peas, which are now a rich, dark color. "Thick as a cucumber." The cotton is about waist high and green and vigorous and lapping in the rows while the corn stands erect thick on the ground like grenadiers with tassels waving and pennants flying.

The intensive plan is followed on the plantation and the cotton acreage cut one-half. The place is self-sustaining; cotton is raised as a surplus crop.

On to Waynesboro. On we whirled to Waynesboro, our destination. On it are superb. Oats and wheat have been harvested with a fine yield and the land from which they were taken has been sown in peas, which are now a rich, dark color. "Thick as a cucumber." The cotton is about waist high and green and vigorous and lapping in the rows while the corn stands erect thick on the ground like grenadiers with tassels waving and pennants flying.

Waynesboro is an ancient town with a new start. It is like old wine in new bottles. Burke county in colonial times was called St. George parish.

But when Georgia assumed the roll of statehood the county's name was changed in honor of Sir Edmund Burke and the county seat was called Waynesboro for Anthony Wayne, one of the country's fathers.

In pursuing the path of Washington we found the old Munnelyn home on Liberty street, the house where General Washington lodged for a night when making his progress from Savannah to Augusta. The house has been changed somewhat, but the general shape and size remains the same and it is still in a fine state of preservation.

Of course, we dropped in at Editor Sullivan's True Citizen museum of ancient and modern antiquities, where we found many things of interest rarely seen outside of Dickens' "Old Curiosity Shop."

Waynesboro, the gem city of the state, is adorned with many elegant and fine automobiles. They fairly live in their automobiles and they keep the roads hot between there and Augusta.

The following are some of the most prominent and enthusiastic automobilists: Mayor F. M. Cate, R. C. Neely, Mrs. Lee W. Jones, E. E. Chance, John L. Boyd, N. P. Thomas, S. G. Storey, E. B. Graham, E. H. McMillan, George O. Warnock, Edwin Fulcher, C. W. Snider, P. L. Corbett, E. A. Smith, Dr. H. A. Macaulay, Dr. L. P. Herrington, Dr. R. L. Miller, Dr. J. M. Byrnes, Dr. F. L. Fulcher, John A. Blount, T. J. Hunt, A. P. Evans, H. G. McMillan, Sim Bell, H. Sullivan, Cecil Lewis, C. G. Hester, Sidney Bates, Walter Burton, L. E. Hatcher, P. B. Lewis, Arthur May, J. H. Tinley, George W. Moley, William Davis, L. L. Mobley, C. H. Minus, Mrs. F. R. Whitehead, John O. Applegate, R. A. Templeton, Gary Vinson, H. D. Marchman, P. B. Hall, John D. Sanders, R. C. Hunt, Hamp Hickman, Gray Niles, R. Palmer, James H. Kinney, Dr. H. J. Morton, Thomas Palmer, John Rackley, E. H. Blount, Dr. L. P. Herrington.

First Automobile Factory. Realizing that the horseless vehicle was destined to become the great eliminator of distance as well as the great promoter of health, pleasure and luxury, the progressive citizens of Waynesboro were the first to build an automobile factory in the south.

Retracing the Path. After the ball game, in which Mill Frasier's "lads" left the animal kingdom in the receding distance, home-land hummed like a top.

"I climb the hills for a wondrous view, I swing through valleys for vistas new, I grow and hum in the bay shade, Where the picnic lunch is gaily laid."

No back jumping, balking, halt or hindrance. Sweet lovely streams we go whose waters sparkle and foam like champagne as they flow between meadows and fields. And many a cooling stream is passed, where the wood thrush's faint, sweet note is heard at evening. Here the magnolia, the bay and the jasmine abound and the breezes are freighted with the fragrance of their wild woodland flowers.

In the path of Washington lay Fort Mifflin, the scene of a dreadful siege and struggle even to the possession of Washington and Reynolds streets in the memorable words: "First in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen."

Light Horse Harry Lee, the father of the south's great chief, assisted General Pickens and Clarke in reducing that fort. It was Harry Lee at the burial of Washington who gave us the words: "First in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen."

But here we are again under the glare and glimmer of electric lights on Broad street. It took us an hour to go 23 miles. Our automobile is a Buick Six, with valve in the head.

RUBBER

LORD HALDANE APPEALS TO BRITISH TEACHERS

He Says It Is Time to Begin Work of Reconstructing the Schools.

London.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Already it is time for the school of Great Britain to begin the work of reconstruction, which must necessarily occupy the whole attention of the European world for a generation after the close of the war, writes Lord Haldane in an appeal to the school teachers of the country, published in the current issue of "The Teachers' World." He writes:

"I appeal to teachers to consider deeply the problems of the present and the future, seeking to know how they may help their country in the period of stress which will follow the declaration of peace."

The proper training of the body is no less important than the equipment of mental power.

"I am impressed by the small extent to which people realize the importance of education as a factor in the nation's welfare. This attitude is not confined to any one class and prevails among members of the house of lords in common with every other section of the community. The remedy is to remove education from the realm of the ideal and to regard it as a complex of problems, difficult, it may be, but themselves, but still capable of being solved."

"The war will impose severe restraints on expenditure, but even within the limits of necessary frugality we can do much to establish a system of national education which will have beneficial results on the citizen of the future. Based on sound principles such a system will be capable of expansion and development as increased funds become available."

By training their pupils in a right regard for knowledge and in preparing to set before the public a well-ordered, sound-based plan of education, simple in its outline and arresting in its appeal. They may, in short, enlist forthwith in the army of the future, the national force which must be mobilized and ready for the day when victory shall have been won in the fields of warfare.

Mistaken. (From The National Monthly.) Neighbor's Little Girl—When did you get your new dress? Sprague—Mrs. Sprague's. Why, child, I haven't been away.

Neighbor's Little Girl—That's funny. I heard mother say you and Mr. Sprague had been at Longbeach for a week.

Cornwallis, the scene of a dreadful siege and struggle even to the possession of Washington and Reynolds streets in the memorable words: "First in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen."

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MILITANT ANARCHISTS FIGHTING FOR FRANCE

They Have Ceased to Trouble Paris Police and Are Troubling the Germans.

Paris, August 22.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The militant anarchists whose exploits furnished so much copy to the French newspapers before the war, but who dropped out of sight immediately after the general mobilization, have been found by the police to be doing their patriotic duty. With only a few exceptions those who were exempt from military service in France volunteered and have distinguished themselves.

Pist, secretary of the soldiers' union, and a most aggressive anarchist, who took part in the fighting in the Ardennes in August, writes of German terrorism in the region and terminates: "The monstrous butchery will cost all of us nameless sacrifices and sorrows, but we shall hold out to the end."

The old haunts of anarchy in Paris are deserted. Only a few of the old guard are left and they are occupied with patriotic correspondence with their comrades at the front. They will show with pride a letter from a former fiery propagandist, from M. who has won the most militant of all the anti-militaristic prizes—Leveque, who has won the Croix de Guerre.

He does not try, even to himself, to explain the mental process that has made him such an excellent soldier. I try to earn pardon for my military honors, he says. "By rendering all the justice possible to the sixty men under me I have in them sixty comrades, sixty friends, they call themselves my soldiers; I am sure none of them ever thought of me before the war. I think it is mostly the hope of a reward that makes them do the terrible things called war as a synonym for hell, but I believe the hope that our dear ones, our children, shall not have to cut another throat again, gives me something like superhuman ardor."

Even the open advocates of the "red" direct—"The forcible seizure of the property of the bourgeoisie and the assassination of innocent people are doing their duty."

Maitrean, the divorced husband of a woman, the former director of the paper "Anarchie," himself involved in exploits but not convicted of murder, gives the following explanation of his conversion: "I was taken prisoner in the battle of Verdun. I was taken prisoner in the battle of Verdun. I was taken prisoner in the battle of Verdun."

It is only in years," he declared. "I am an anarchist, but my place is at the front. My petition for a discharge was refused. I was granted and he fought valiantly with his regiment of Africa. I was taken prisoner in the battle of Verdun. I was taken prisoner in the battle of Verdun."

Try This One. Grocer—"My best butter is a quarter pound." But—"My best butter is a quarter pound. My best butter is a quarter pound. My best butter is a quarter pound."

But—"My best butter is a quarter pound. My best butter is a quarter pound. My best butter is a quarter pound. My best butter is a quarter pound."

But—"My best butter is a quarter pound. My best butter is a quarter pound. My best butter is a quarter pound. My best butter is a quarter pound."

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Atlanta Bridge Players Try "Informative Bids"

Mrs. W. E. Foster, whose knowledge of bridge is unquestioned, has consented to explain one of the new features of bridge entitled "Informative Bids."

To explain the meaning of the new bid, Mrs. Foster uses the following hands:

A holds in hearts, ace, queen, 5 and 4; in diamonds, queen, Jack, 9 and 8; in spades, king and 7; in clubs, king, 10 and 2.

B holds in hearts, king, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

C holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

D holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

E holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

F holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

G holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

H holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

I holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

J holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

K holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

L holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

bid one "no trump," and makes game. A double of one "no trump" means: I have a no trump hand, also, probably better than the declarer who has, however, had the chance to bid first. I can count at least five tricks in that declaration. The double of a suit says: "I am strong in the other three suits, and would have called 'no trump' had my weakness not been declared by my adversary."

The Etiquette of the Game. Mrs. Foster, in discussing the etiquette of the game, stressed the fact that the dummy should never be played by any but the one who is playing the hand; never aid to be rendered by partner to player or by either adversary. Another incident she cited was that of etiquette caused the game to be lost by the offender was relative to the following hand:

A holds in hearts, ace, queen, 5 and 4; in diamonds, queen, Jack, 9 and 8; in spades, king and 7; in clubs, king, 10 and 2.

B holds in hearts, king, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

C holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

D holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

E holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

F holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

G holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

H holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

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J holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

K holds in hearts, Jack, 8, 2; in diamonds, 7, 4, 1; in spades, 6, 5, 4, 3; in clubs, 10 and 2.

L holds in hearts, 10, 6, 3; in diamonds, ace, king, 5, 2; in spades, queen, 7, 4, 1; in clubs, 8, 5, 4, 2.

BEER IS TO GERMAN LIKE BREAD AND MEAT

Berlin.—Confiscation of a part of the German beer production is a possible, though not probable, step to be expected because of the abnormal state of affairs existing in Germany today. Confiscation will be resorted to by the government only in case the breweries fail to set aside a certain percentage of their normal production—20 per cent—for the use of the army.

Even the contemplation of such a step indicates the importance which is near the half million mark. Statistics up to March 31, according to The Cologne Gazette, showed that 1,457,151 iron crosses of the second class were granted. This rate has only been maintained since—and undoubtedly it has been exceeded, considering the increased number of men under arms—it would be a total exceeding 1,457,151. In the period mentioned 6,488 iron crosses of the first class had also been granted. The holders of these must previously have won the second-class decoration. The crosses issued up to March 31 had numbered 2,800,000 marks.

In the campaign of 1914, 1,457,151 iron crosses of the second class were granted. In the campaign of 1915, 1,457,151 iron crosses of the second class were granted. In the campaign of 1916, 1,457,151 iron crosses of the second class were granted.

The report adds that the soldiers have to buy the "beer" which is indispensable to their strengthening and well-being out of their own pockets, a circumstance which of necessity delays to the army authorities in that establishment of prices paid or to be paid.

KAISER VERY GENEROUS WITH HIS IRON CROSSES

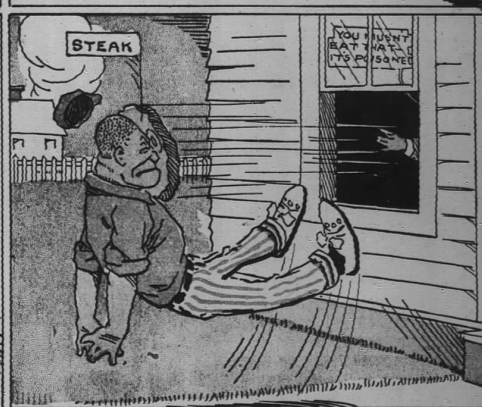
Berlin.—The number of iron crosses thus far granted to German soldiers is near the half million mark. Statistics up to March 31, according to The Cologne Gazette, showed that 1,457,151 iron crosses of the second class were granted. This rate has only been maintained since—and undoubtedly it has been exceeded, considering the increased number of men under arms—it would be a total exceeding 1,457,151. In the period mentioned 6,488 iron crosses of the first class had also been granted. The holders of these must previously have won the second-class decoration. The crosses issued up to March 31 had numbered 2,800,000 marks.

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CHARLEY CHAPLIN'S COMIC CAPEERS



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